

*Ulmus pumila* L. (Ulmaceae.) 43791. Cuttings of elm from China. Collected by Mr. Frank N. Meyer, Agricultural Explorer for this Department. "A weeping form of the ordinary very drouth and alkali resistant elm from North China and Manchuria. The Chinese graft this variety on the common form, generally from 5 to 8 feet above the ground. Obtained from the Botanic Garden at Peking." (Meyer.)

*Wistaria venusta* Rehder & Wilson. (Fabaceae.) 43792. Cuttings from China. Collected by Mr. Frank N. Meyer, Agricultural Explorer for this Department. "A vigorously growing hardy species of Wistaria, blooming at the end of April and early May, bearing multitudes of rather short and dense racemes of individually large flowers which are of purplish-violet color when first coming out, but when fading away become of pale-bluish color. They exhale a delightful scent. This species is quite drouth resistant and tolerates a fair amount of alkali. The Chinese most often train it as an arbor over a garden walk or over an open space, underneath which seats and tables can be arranged for enjoyment of the beauty and fragrance of the flowers in spring and the shade of the foliage during the hot summer months. Chinese name *Teng lo*, meaning 'Winding rattan'. Obtained from the Botanic Garden at Peking." (Meyer.)

*Zea mays* L. (Poaceae.) 43789. Seed of corn from Guatemala City, Guatemala. Collected by Mr. Wilson Popenoe, Agricultural Explorer. One ear of corn, presented by Don Manuel Lemus, Director of Agriculture. This is of an interesting variety called by Dr. Lemus '*Zea guatemalensis*'. It originated in the Department of Sacatepequez, but this seed was grown in the vicinity of Guatemala City. According to Sr. Lemus, this corn contains very little gluten, grows to a great height, and has proved to be a very valuable strain." (Popenoe.)