

52363. DOLICHOS LABLAB L. Fabaceæ.**Bonavist bean.**

From Paris, France. Seeds purchased from Vilmorin-Andrieux & Co. Received February 4, 1921.

Lablab stringless. A tall twining plant, often reaching a height of 15 feet, with bunches of short, broad, yellowish white pods. The very numerous slightly downy pods contain brown seeds, half an inch broad and one-third of an inch thick, provided with a curious white aril or keel along one of the edges. (Adapted from *Vilmorin-Andrieux & Co., General Wholesale Seed List, 1920, p. 28.*)

52364 to 52366. LINUM spp. Linaceæ.**Flax.**

From Amsterdam, Netherlands. Seeds presented by the director, Jardin Botanique de l'Université d'Amsterdam. Received January 25, 1921.

52364. LINUM MONOGYNUM Forst. f.

1920 harvest.

A very desirable species native to New Zealand, which blossoms in the greenhouse in May and June and has a succession of large white flowers for a great length of time. The plant is 1½ feet high, with erect glaucous stems much branched at the top in a corymbose manner. The sepal margins are white and diaphanous; the handsome petals are broadly ovate-obtuse. (Adapted from *Curtis's Botanical Magazine, pl. 3574.*)

52365 and 52366. LINUM USITATISSIMUM L.

52365. A form introduced for experimental purposes; harvested in 1919.

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 52361.

52366. Introduced for experimental purposes; from the 1920 crop.

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 52361.

52367. KENNEDIA RUBICUNDA (Schneev.) Vent. Fabaceæ.

From San Francisco, Calif. Seeds presented by Miss Alice Eastwood. Received January 25, 1921.

A tender, hairy twiner, native to Trinidad. The dark-purple flowers, with oblong, revolute standard and linear-oblong wings and keel, are borne in silky racemes shorter than the three-parted leaves. (Adapted from *Edwards's Botanical Register, pl. 1101.*)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 49487.

52368. POPULUS EUPHRATICA Oliver. Salicaceæ.**Poplar.**

From Algiers, Algeria. Cuttings presented by Dr. L. Trabut. Received January 26, 1921.

This Algerian tree attains a height of 50 feet. The wood is harder than that of most other poplars. It is used for planking and boat building, also for beams, rafters, boxes, paneling, and turnery. On account of its lightness the wood is frequently used for rafts. Cattle browse on the leaves. (Adapted from *Mueller, Select Extra-Tropical Plants, p. 417.*)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 30054.

52369 to 52374. LINUM spp. Linaceæ.**Flax.**

From Edinburgh, Scotland. Seeds presented by Dr. Isaac Bayley Balfour, director, Royal Botanic Garden. Received January 26, 1921. Quoted notes by J. C. Brinsmade, jr., Office of Cereal Investigations, Bureau of Plant Industry.