

35173 to 35200—Continued.

35177. BUDDLEIA LINDLEYANA SINUATO-DENTATA Hemsl.

"From seed 1375 Wilson."

"From thickets, Yachou, western Szechwan, at an altitude of 2,000 to 4,000 feet, July and November, 1908. A tall bush 3 to 5 feet high, with very dark-red flowers and very large leaves, nearly 4 inches long and 2 inches wide." (*Plantae Wilsonianae*, vol. 1, p. 564, 1913.)

35178. CLEMATIS MONTANA WILSONII Sprague.

Forma *platysepala* Rehder and Wilson.

"From seed 1003 Wilson."

"From west of and near Wen-chuan Hsien, Szechwan, at altitudes of 5,200 to 9,000 feet. A white-flowered climber up to 16 feet." (*Plantae Wilsonianae*, vol. 1, p. 334, 1913.)

"*Clematis montana* Buch. is a somewhat polymorphic species widely spread in the Himalaya Mountains and in the mountains of western and central China. Var. *wilsonii* appears to be most nearly allied to a variety of *C. montana* from Hupeh with pink flowers, but, in addition to having white in place of pink sepals, the variety *wilsonii* differs from the variety *rubens* of our gardens in having less deeply cut leaflets. Like other members of the genus, *C. montana* var. *wilsonii* thrives in a rich, loamy soil which is all the better if of a calcareous nature. At Kew, where no lime is actually present in the soil, it is found very advantageous to many species of *Clematis* if slaked lime be added. Like the other varieties of *C. montana*, our plant produces its flowers from the nodes of the previous season's growth; it should therefore only be pruned after the flowers are past, and the shortening back of the shoots during the winter, so useful in the case of most *Clematis*, must here be avoided. Propagation can be readily effected by means of cuttings. The garden value of this variety is enhanced by the fact that it flowers at least two months later than the typical *C. montana* and about six weeks later than the variety *rubens*. The form is distinguished from the variety by its broadly obovate, rounded, or truncate sepals; the flowers are very round in shape and produced at the same time as the leaves." (*Botanical Magazine*, pl. 3365, and *Plantae Wilsonianae*, loc. cit.)

35179. COTONEASTER SALICIFOLIA Franchet.

"From seed 1133 Wilson."

"From thickets, Mupin, western Szechwan, at altitudes of 1,300 to 2,500 meters. A white-flowered, half-evergreen shrub 15 feet high with subglobose bright-red fruit with 2 or 3 stems, about 1½ to 3 inches long, one-fourth inch broad. Flowers in dense corymbs 1 to 2 inches across." (*Plantae Wilsonianae*, vol. 1, p. 172, 1912.)

35180. COTONEASTER sp.

"From seed 3444 M. Vilmorin."

35181. COTONEASTER sp.

"From seed 4294 M. Vilmorin."

35182. COTONEASTER sp.

"From seed 4619 M. Vilmorin."

35183. COTONEASTER sp.

"From seed 5916 M. Vilmorin."

35184. DEUTZIA VILMORINAE Lemoine and Bois.

Deutzia.

"This species of *Deutzia* was found in western Hupeh by Mr. E. H. Wilson in June, 1900. The shrub has actually attained a height of 1½ meters and will