

20001 to 20229—Continued.

20114. *SAMBUCUS RACEMOSA*.

Elder.

From the mountains of northern Korea. "(No. 389a, Aug., 1906.) Seed collected from bushes growing at an altitude of from 4,000 to 5,000 feet. The bushes at these altitudes do not grow higher than 4 or 5 feet, but are extremely beautiful, being loaded with large clusters of scarlet berries, which contrast vividly with the bright green, glossy foliage. This is a very hardy shrub, growing on the poorest of soils and really looking better in colder climes than in the warmer altitudes. Perhaps a good shrub for the Northwestern States." (*Meyer*.)

20115. *VIBURNUM* sp.

From the mountains of northern Korea. "(No. 390a, Aug. 20, 1906.) A *Viburnum* with rather small, light green leaves and bearing small umbels of white flowers, followed by berries which turn from green to red, and when ripe to jet black. Grows from 4 to 10 feet high. Seems to prefer calcareous rocky soil." (*Meyer*.)

20116. *VIBURNUM* sp.

From the mountains of northern Korea. "(No. 391a, Aug. 28, 1906.) Collected in a different locality and from taller shrubs than No. 390a; otherwise the same remarks apply to it." (*Meyer*.)

20117. *BETULA* sp.

Birch.

From the mountains of northern Korea. "(No. 392a, Aug. 11, 1906.) A beautiful white birch, the bark of which is used as roofing material in the mountain regions, also for illuminating purposes, taking the place of our lamps and candles. In the forests this tree grows to be over 100 feet tall, but solitary specimens never reach that size." (*Meyer*.)

20118. *BETULA* sp.

Birch.

From Tchong-ping, northern Korea. "(No. 393a, Aug. 20, 1906.) A very low, bushy, dwarf birch, with blackish bark, growing 3 to 4 feet high, on a cold plain, high in the mountains, where the soil consisted of black peat. Used locally for making brooms." (*Meyer*.)

20119. *BETULA* sp.

Birch.

From the mountains of northern Korea. "(No. 394a, Aug. 15, 1906.) A bush birch, 6 to 10 feet tall, growing in a high mountain valley, only two or three specimens together." (*Meyer*.)

20120. *CORNUS* sp.

Dogwood.

From near Tchong-song, northern Korea. "(No. 395a, July 20, 1906.) A tall-growing tree, with beautiful, large leaves; quite rare in southern Manchuria and northern Korea." (*Meyer*.)

20121. *CORNUS* sp.

Dogwood.

From the mountains of northern Korea. "(No. 396a, Aug. 11, 1906.) A medium-sized shrub, growing mostly in rocky soil along water courses. Has large, light green leaves and reddish colored twigs, and is sometimes loaded with clusters of white berries." (*Meyer*.)

20122. *SPIRAEA* sp.

Spirea.

From the mountains of northern Korea. "(No. 397a, Aug. 11, 1906.) A very shrubby *Spiraea* 4 to 5 feet tall, found growing along rocky ravines." (*Meyer*.)

20123. *SPIRAEA* sp.

Spirea.

From Tchien-shan Mountains, Manchuria. "(No. 398a, June 9, 1906.) A *Spiraea* found growing on rocky, exposed places in the mountains." (*Meyer*.)