

stituting the edible portion of the fruit, being soft, jelly-like in consistency, translucent, light orange in color, subacid in flavor, greatly resembling some of the Passifloras, quite pleasant and evidently highly esteemed by the Brazilians; seed oval or nearly so, compressed, about seven-eighths inch in length, three-fourths inch in breadth and seven-eighths inch in thickness, the cotyledons light purple in color; seed coat deep brown, reticulated, not adhering very closely to the flesh." (Dorsett, Popenoe, and Shamel introduction.)

*Pouteria caimito*. (Sapotaceae.) 37929. Seeds of abiu from Bahia, Brazil. "The abiu, a rather rare but highly esteemed fruit, both here and at Rio de Janeiro. In form it is elliptical, two to three inches long, deep yellow in color. The one to four large, oblong seeds are surrounded by a translucent, whitish pulp very similar in flavor to the sapote and fully as agreeable." (Dorsett, Popenoe, and Shamel introduction.)

*Rosa setipoda*. (Rosaceae.) 37978. Plants of a rose from London, England. Purchased of James Veitch & Sons, Ltd. "A remarkable rose, allied to *R. macrophylla*, with large corymbs of handsome rose-pink flowers. Its long pedicels clothed with spreading gland-tipped bristles and numerous foliaceous bracts give it a singular appearance. The species is not uncommon in shrubberies in the mountains of the north-western part of the province of Hupeh, China." (E. H. Wilson, Kew Bull. 1906:158.)

*Spondias tuberosa*. (Anacardiaceae.) 37861-865. Seeds of the imbú from Bahia and Minas Geraes, Brazil. "The imbú or umbú, one of the most popular fruits of this region. The tree, which is wild here and quite common in some places, is of a peculiar habit of growth, branching four to six feet above the ground and forming a very broad, dense, and flat topped head of foliage. When the large limbs are cut and placed in the ground as fence posts they take root and grow. The fruits, which are sometimes produced in great profusion and are ripe at this season (February), are oval in form, about one and one-half inches in length and light green in color. The skin is rather tough, and encloses the translucent, juicy pulp in which is embedded the single large seed. The flavor of the pulp is rather suggestive of a sweet orange, and is agreeable in the extreme. Aside from being consumed in the fresh state the fruit is extensively used for the manufacture of jellies and jams in which a considerable trade has been built up. In addition a popular dessert called 'imbu-zada' is made from the slightly unripe fruit by mixing the