

*Mangifera indica*. (Anacardiaceae.) 36688, 36690. Budwood of two mango varieties from the nursery of Eickhoff, Carneiro Leao and Company, Rio Janeiro. The two varieties are Rosa and Augusta, the first said to be very free of fiber, and the other to be of good quality though inferior to the Rosa and the Itamaracá. (Shamel, Popenoe, and Dorsett introductions.) For distribution later.

*Pahudia rhomboidea*. (Caesalpiniaceae.) 36550. Seeds of the tindalo from Lamac, Bataan, Philippine Islands. Presented by Mr. P. J. Wester, Horticulturist, in charge Lamac Experiment Station. "The tindalo is a tree reaching a height of from 25 to 30 meters and a diameter of 60 to 80 cm., occasionally up to 120 cm. It is usually without buttresses and has a somewhat regular bore 12 to 15 meters in length. The crown, one half the height of the tree, is broad spreading, vase shaped, semiopen, and partly deciduous during the dry season. Tindalo has a wide distribution throughout the Islands, but is not abundant. It is found scattered usually on dry, shallow, or rocky soil on the low ridges and hills along the coast. Less frequently it is scattered in the edges of the dipterocarp forests. The bark is about 10 mm. in thickness, creamy yellow in color, and has an uneven surface due to the saucerlike depressions made by the shedding of the outer layers. It is covered with numerous corky pustules, and sheds in scroll-shaped patterns. The inner bark is brownish yellow in color. The leaves are alternate, simply compound, with three (sometimes four) pairs of leaflets. These are smooth with a white bloom beneath, from three and one-half to ten cm. long and from three to five cm. wide. The sapwood is white to creamy brown; the heartwood is yellowish red, becoming very dark with age. It is heavy, hard, durable, not difficult to work, has a fine, usually straight grain, takes a beautiful finish, *and is almost free of the defect of warping*. Tindalo has the following uses: fine furniture, cabinet making, fine interior finish (doors, floors, stairways, panels, etc.), railway ties, shipbuilding, and general construction purposes." (Whitford, The Principal Forest Trees of The Philippines, p. 39.) For distribution later.

*Pleiogynium solandri*. (Anacardiaceae.) 36606. Seeds from Brisbane, Queensland. Presented by Mr. J. F. Bailey, Director, Department of Agriculture and Stock. "A moderate sized tree, the trunk occasionally acquiring a very great thickness. Timber soft when cut, though it afterwards becomes hard and tough. Diameter 24 to 36 inches,