

where it becomes one of the tallest of all trees. Can also be clipped into pyramids to serve in formal gardens and along walks. May be expected to thrive especially in the cool and moist sections of the United States." (Meyer's introduction.) For distribution later. For illustration see Bulletin No. 72 this series.

LARIX SP. (Pinaceae.) 33319. Seeds of a larch from Estate Mitino, Torchok, Tver government, Russia. "A larch, occurring in Manchuria, eastern Siberia, northern Korea, etc., forming here and there large forests. Its lumber is also of excellent quality, though apparently not ranked as high as that of *Larix sibirica*. It is also a fine ornamental tree, not growing as tall as *L. sibirica*, but better able to withstand drought and heat. Can also be clipped and pruned for use in formal gardens and seems naturally to branch out nearer the ground, than *L. sibirica*. Received from Mr. D. D. Romanoff, on whose estate it grew." (Meyer's introduction.) For distribution later.

LATHYRUS SP. (Fabaceae.) 33290. Seeds of a *Lathyrus* from St. Petersburg Botanic Garden. "A rare, perennial *Lathyrus*, which occurs here and there on mountain slopes in southern Bokhara, having large reddish-pink flowers, which are quite fragrant. Of value as a factor in hybridization experiments in trying to create perennial sweet peas, and as a possible forage plant for dry, hot regions." (Meyer's introduction.) For distribution later.

LILIUM DAHURICUM. (Liliaceae.) 33310. Seeds of a lily from St. Petersburg Botanic Garden. "A lily, coming from the Amur region, having bright brick-red flowers. Though not of large dimensions, this plant seems a desirable acquisition to the hardy border." (Meyer's introduction.) For distribution later.

ONOBRYCHIS SPP. (Fabaceae.) 33291-294. Seeds from St. Petersburg, Russia. "Annual legumes, which may be tested for their possible forage value." (Meyer's introductions.) For distribution later.

PINUS LEUCODERMIS. (Pinaceae.) 3346. Seeds of pine from Sophia, Bulgaria. Presented by Mr. K. Baicoucheff, Chief inspector of Waters and Forests of Bulgaria, at the request of Mr. Alaricus Delmard. "A tree reaching a height of 80 feet, with pyramidal head. Bark light gray; leaves dark green 2 to 4 inches long. This tree is related to *P. laricio*, and by some authorities referred to as var. *austriaca* of that species.