

fifteen varieties of pears from Collegeville, Minn. Presented by Rev. John B. Katzner, superintendent of the Minnesota state horticultural society trial station. All procured from Germany, and well known German varieties, none of which are hardy at Collegeville, but since they showed no signs of blight they may be worth trying in milder regions. For distribution later.

RIBES SPP. (Grossulariaceae.) 32761-762. Seeds of currants from Souchodole, Tula government, Russia. One black and one brownish-black currant, both with fruits of unusual size, one of them of fine flavor. Obtained from Mr. D. D. Kashgaroff. (Meyer's introductions.) For distribution later.

STRYCHNOS SP. (Loganiaceae.) 32705. Seeds of the quaqu from Inhambane, Portuguese East Africa. Presented by Rev. Pliny W. Keys, Methodist Episcopal Mission. "Quaqu. A small tree three to ten meters high, without thorns, and with exceedingly variable leaves. Fruit one celled, globose, five to seven cm. in diameter, small, thin, spotted, with a hard shell, and numerous flat seeds lying in acidulous edible pulp. Abundant from Natal to Inhambane, and especially on sandy soils." (Sim, Forest Flora of Portuguese East Africa.) For distribution later.

TRITICUM SPP. (Poaceae.) 32680-689. Seed of wheats from Argentina. Presented by Dr. Carlos Thays, Director, Botanic garden, Buenos Aires. Ten varieties from various parts of the Argentine Republic, varying widely in yields. For distribution later.

TRITICUM SPP. (Poaceae.) 32765-766. Seeds of wheats from Kharkoff, Russia. Two forms of winter wheat, one bearded and one beardless, both giving abundant crops and standing winter cold and summer heat better than most other wheats. Obtained from Mr. P. V. Budrin, director of the Kharkoff experiment station. (Meyer's introductions.) For distribution later.

ULMUS SPP. (Ulmaceae.) 32829-831. Plants of elms from the Imperial estate "Murgab", Bairam-Ali, Oasis of Merv, Russian Turkestan. Three very remarkably ornamental elms which stand considerable heat and fair amounts of alkali in the soil. These trees form one of the most striking features of the Turkestan landscapes. (Meyer's introductions.) For distribution later.

VITIS VINIFERA. (Vitaceae.) 32879. Cuttings of a grape from Granada, Spain. Received from Mr. Pedro Giraud, at the