

meat. The Chinese eat them raw too. Kwai Lam, the capital of Kwong Sai is famous for a variety of Ma tai, and these come from that country." (Groff.) For distribution later.

SALIX SPP. (Salicaceae.) 30144-146, 30151. Cuttings of willows from Chinese Turkestan. Three of these are recommended for windbreaks and ornamental trees in the irrigated regions, while another, found at an elevation of 6000 feet, is recommended for the northern sections of the country. (Meyer's introductions.) For distribution later.

STRYCHNOS SP. (Loganiaceae.) 30366. Seeds of an edible strychnos from Amani, German East Africa. Presented by the Director of the Biologisch-Landwirtschaftliche Institute. Introduced for trial compared with the other edible fruited species of the genus, some of which will probably prove excellent shippers. For distribution later.

THAUMATOCOCCUS DANIELLI. (Marantaceae.) 30215. Seeds from Aburi, Gold Coast, West Africa. Presented by Mr. A. R. Gould, curator, Botanic Gardens, through Mr. W. T. D. Tuahope, Director of Agriculture. "Said to be a very common plant on the Ivory Coast in virgin forests and on the sites of old plantations established in the forests. The white part of the arilla is extremely sweet, with a taste of licorice or saccharin. The gelatin (or mucilage) which surrounds the seed, swells up in water and forms a great mass of gelatin with the black seed in the middle, which gives it the appearance of frog eggs." (Journal de Botanique.) "No use is made of the seeds in this Colony, but the leaves are extensively used in packing fresh Kola nuts to prevent them from drying." (Tuahope.) For distribution later.

TRIFOLIUM SPP. (Fabaceae.) 30100-102, 30109. Seeds of clovers from Haifa, Palestine. Presented by Mr. Aaron Aaronsohn, Director, Jewish Agricultural Experiment Station. 30100. *Trifolium pilulare*. 30101. *Trifolium scabrum*. 30102. *Trifolium spumosum*. 30109. *Trifolium lappaceum*. All introduced for the work of the Office of Forage Crop Investigations. For distribution later.

ULMUS SPP. (Ulmaceae.) 30152, 30364. Cuttings of elms from Kashgar, Chinese Turkestan. Both are shade trees, one the variety *umbraculifera*, with a dense head of foliage, and standing drought and a fair amount of alkali, the other a flat headed spreading tree. (Meyer's introductions.) For distribution later.