

CUCUMIS SATIVUS. 27806. From Erivan, Caucasus. A local variety of cucumber, said to be good. Half-long green, trained on stakes. 27992. From Geok-Tapa. A very fine local variety of cucumber; green, medium large and very tender. (Meyer's introductions.)

FEIJOA SELLOWIANA. 27957. Guayuba. From Salto, Uruguay. Procured by Mr. John J. C. Williams. "A plant belonging to the guava family. Dr. Andre, who has paid special attention to this fruit, pronounces it something exceptionally delicious. The fruits are about the size of a large English walnut, green in color and covered with blunt protuberances. It is believed that the plant can be grown successfully in all the frostless regions of the Southwest. It is well worthy of serious consideration by all those interested especially in subtropical fruit culture." (Fairchild.) For distribution later. (See photograph.)

GOSSYPIUM SP. 27934. From Unsan, Korea. Presented by Mr. J. D. Hubbard. "This seed was all grown north of the 40th parallel and is probably the hardiest cotton in existence. On favorable soil it grows waist high and has many pods. The pods are not gathered until the bush has been killed by frost in late October or November. This plant has undoubtedly gained in hardiness during the ages it has been planted by the northern Koreans. The main article of clothing among the Koreans is the cotton suit made from the home product." (Hubbard.) For distribution later.

HALOXYLON AMMODENDRON. 27802. From Tiflis, Caucasus. The Saxaul, a tree or tall shrub, resisting alkali and aridity to a most remarkable degree. In certain sections of Central Asia it is practically the only tree to be found, and its wood is much used for fuel. Remarkable as a wind break and fuel supply in the desert regions of the Southwestern United States. Obtained from the Tiflis Botanical Garden, the only garden in the world where a plantation of this remarkable plant exists. (Meyer's introduction.)

HORDEUM SP. 27801. From Tiflis, Caucasus. A sample of black winter barley, used locally for horse feed. Obtained from the Secretary of the Agricultural Society in Tiflis. **HORDEUM VULGARE NIGRUM.** 27829. A black winter barley, grown in the vicinity of Tiflis. Extensively used as a feed for horses, instead of oats, as the latter do not grow well in the Caucasus. This barley is generally soaked over night before being fed to the animals. (Meyer's introductions.)