

DIOSPYROS KAKI. 27034. Persimmon 'Suyugaki' from Gifu, Japan. Procured from the Gifu Agricultural Experiment Station at the suggestion of Mr. A. J. Perkins.
 27086-088. Three varieties of persimmon from Okitsu, Japan, presented by Dr. Ouda at the request of Mr. A. J. Perkins. **DIOSPYROS KAKI.** 27035-043. Nine varieties of persimmon from Yokohama, Japan. Presented by Rev. H. Loomis. Nos. 27035-038 are not astringent. No. 27042 from Korea. It is not astringent and is of excellent flavor. It grows in a climate that is like that of Philadelphia. 27043. "I think these persimmons are of rare value, being very sweet, not astringent, quite large and almost seedless, probably a distinctly new variety." (Loomis.)

FRAGARIA. 27069. From near Souchoum Kale, Caucasus. A wild strawberry occurring here and there along embankments, open woodlands and even in dry, calcareous cliffs. Flowers in early February and has ripe fruits sometimes as early as the end of February. Said to be small but sweet. (Meyer's introduction.)

NOTES FROM FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS.

ALGERIA. Dr. Trabut writes that he will soon send cuttings of *Euphorbia resinifera*, which he secured in Morocco. It is from this species that the euphorbium gum of commerce is obtained. This gum is a valuable ingredient of paint and it is thought possible that the plant may be cultivated in the dry Southwest.

BRITISH WEST INDIES, Antigua. Mr. A. S. Archer, March 5. Writes regarding the culture of *Hibiscus sabdariffa* in those island.

ENGLAND, London. Rev. W. Wilks, Royal Horticultural Society, March 15. Gives instructions that the Black Monukka grapes, S. P. I. Nos. 26605-606, should have four eyes left on the main stem when it is pruned.