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BULLETIN OF FOREIGN PLANT INTRODUCTIONS.

March 16 to 23, 1910.

NEW PLANT IMMIGRANTS.

- ADANSONIA DIGITATA.** 27160. From territory of Tete, Zambesia, Portuguese East Africa. "One of the largest varieties, if not the very largest, of the African baobab tree. Height 15-25 meters, diameter 2-10 m. A most striking tree for frostless regions." (Barrett.) For distribution later.
- AMYGDALUS.** 27302. From Tiflis, Caucasus, Russia. A shrubby ornamental almond, flowering in early spring; flowers white. Suggested as a stock for almond and other stone fruits in mild wintered, semi-arid sections. (Meyer's introduction.)
- AMYGDALUS PERSICA.** 27110. From Mr. E. C. Parker, Mukden, Manchuria. Chinese name "Tower". Valuable for grafting and budding only. 27111. Chinese name "Tah-buy-tower". A large white peach native in Shantung Province, China. Quality of fruit fair; growth of tree not known.
- ARBUTUS ANDRACHNE.** 27187. From Nikita, Crimea, Russia. A very interesting ornamental tree, native of the Crimea. It is evergreen and bears edible scarlet berries, varying greatly in size. It grows on the brinks of precipices and has a gnarled, barkless, white or reddish trunk. To be sent to California for propagation. (Meyer's introduction.)
- ASPARAGUS SP.** 27191. From Orianda, Crimea, Russia. A wild herbaceous asparagus of climbing habits, found between shrubs near the seaside. Perhaps ornamental. (Meyer's introduction.)
- BERBERIS.** 27045. From France, through Mr. Frank N. Meyer. "Seedlings of a hybrid between *B. darwinii* and *B. empetrifolia*. The seedlings break up into intermediate types and the plant illustrates the fact that even if the immediate result of a hybridization does not give what is wanted, the seedlings of such a plant may." (Meyer.)