



NO. 28.

BULLETIN OF FOREIGN PLANT INTRODUCTIONS.

Feb. 1 to 15, 1910.

NEW PLANT IMMIGRANTS.

ALYSICARPUS VAGINALIS. 26786. From Island of Guam. Presented by Mr. J. B. Thompson. "Native in India and perhaps throughout the Malayan region. Mr. Thompson finds it abundant in portions of the Philippine Islands and readily eaten by stock. In appearance it is very similar to alfalfa, and he thinks it has decided possibilities as a hay crop in the Philippines and similar regions where alfalfa does not thrive." (Piper.) For distribution later.

CANAVALIA ENSIFORMIS. 26647. Jack bean from Mayaguez, Porto Rico. Presented by Mr. D. W. May. "An upright variety grown in 1909 at Biloxi, Miss., Baton Rouge, La., and Gainesville, Fla. It makes a bushy plant 3-5 feet high, very different from other varieties. Seeds white." (Piper.)

CRATAEGUS. 26765. From Sebastopol, Crimea, Russia. Procured by Mr. Frank N. Meyer, Agricultural Explorer. "A hawthorn growing on dry stony places. Able to stand considerable drought, heat and neglect. Of value as an ornamental garden tree and as a stock for pears in hot, semi-arid regions." (Meyer.) For distribution later.

CYTISUS BIFLORUS. 26798. From Sarepta, Russia. Presented by Mr. W. von Arapow, Agronomist, of Samara, Russia. "This has been used somewhat in Europe as an ornamental but from its description it does not appear to be promising as a forage plant." (Ricker.)

DIOSPYROS KAKI. 26771-782. Twelve varieties of persimmon purchased from the Yokohama Nursery Co., Yokohama, Japan. For distribution later.

EUPATORIUM SP.(?) 26657. From Paraguay. Procured by Mr. Cornelius Ferris. "I think this is Caaku; the other name