



A NARANJILLA PLANT GROWING IN AN ECUADORIAN GARDEN.

(*Solanum quitoense* Lam., S. P. I. No. 51394.)

In the highlands of Colombia and Ecuador, at altitudes between 3,000 and 8,000 feet, the naranjilla is cultivated in many gardens for its round, orange-colored fruits. It is a perennial, but only half woody in character, and it comes into bearing within a year after the seed is planted. It is not long lived. The huge leaves, which are purplish below, are decidedly attractive in appearance. The species can probably be grown in the southern United States, as well as in many subtropical portions of the globe. (Photographed by Wilson Popenoe, Banos, Tungurahua, Ecuador, March 11, 1921; P18467FS.)