

Fugenzo. (47134). A medium-sized tree with long, pendent inflorescences, two green leaflets in the flower-bud, and striking full-blown flowers, red at first, soon becoming white. The flower buds open one after another thus prolonging the blossoming time usually to the first of May. I have seen the last flower as late as the first of June. (Adapted from Miyoshi, *Japanische Bergkirschen*, p. 123, under *P. serrulata*, f. *classica*.) "One of the most beautiful of all cherries and now well known in gardens under the name of **James H. Veitch**. The flowers are rose-pink and the variety is distinguished by the presence of two leafy carpels in the center of each flower. Its Japanese name is **Kofugen** or **Benifugen**, and this and its white form (*albo-rosea*) are the only kinds of Japanese cherries which have green and leafy carpels." (Wilson, *The Cherries of Japan*, p. 39, under *P. serrulata*, var. *sachalinensis*, f. *fugenzo*.)

Horinji. (47135). A small tree with dark gray twigs, yellowish brown young leaves and flowers with roundish petals, the outer rank pink, the inner rank white. Blossoming time from the middle to the end of April. (Adapted from Miyoshi, *Japanische Bergkirschen*, p. 110, under *P. serrulata*, f. *decora*.) "This is a very beautiful form, with clusters of pale pink, double or semidouble flowers." (Wilson, *The Cherries of Japan*, p. 40, under *P. serrulata*, var. *sachalinensis*, f. *horinji*.)

Kan-zakura. (47136). "Flowers single, pale pink and rather small. A curious cherry which blooms in late winter, hence its Japanese name **Kan-zakura**, i.e. 'Winter Cherry.'" (Wilson, *The Cherries of Japan*, p. 31, under *P. serrulata*, var. *spontanea*, f. *praecox*.)

Kokonoye. (47137). A small tree with erect, slender branches, light gray twigs, brownish green young leaves, inflorescence in two- to four-flowered pedunculate umbels or false umbels with uniformly pink flowers. Blossoms in mid-April. (Adapted from Miyoshi, *Japanische Bergkirschen*, p. 107, under *P. serrulata*, f. *homogena*.) "Flowers pink, double or semidouble, on long pedicels, the peduncle is usually short." (Wilson, *The Cherries of Japan*, p. 40, under *P. serrulata*, var. *sachalinensis*, f. *homogena*.)

Kongosan. (47138). "Flowers pink, single. This form is of little horticultural interest." (Wilson, *The Cherries of Japan*, p. 52, under *P. lannesiana*, f. *kongosan*.)

Oshima-zakura. (47139). A large tree with young leaves delicate brown turning to green, green peduncles, green calyces, and large, white, fragrant flowers in four- to five-flowered corymbs. (Adapted from Miyoshi, *Japanische Bergkirschen*, p. 42, under *P. mutabilis*, f. *speciosa* .)