

*Acacia visco* Lorentz. (Mimosaceae.) 43453. Seeds of the *visco* from Argentina. Collected by H. M. Curran. A tree, native of northern Argentina, commonly unarmed, but occasionally with re-curved thorns. The leaves consist of three to six pairs of pinnae, and the flowers are sessile. The walnut-colored hard wood is striped and much appreciated on account of its resistance to moisture. It is not abundant, and is used for all kinds of carpentry. (Adapted from Grisebach, *Plantae Lorentzianae*, p. 122, and from Lillo, *Contribucion Arboles Argentina*, p. 36.) "Timber tree. Yields a very hard durable wood but is a small tree of the dry regions and should be useful for planting in the Mesquite areas of the south-west." (Curran.)

*Achradelpha viridis* (Pittier) O. F. Cook. (Sapotaceae.) 43439. Seeds of *injerto* from Palin, Guatemala. Collected by Mr. Wilson Popenoe, Agricultural Explorer. "No.46a. *Injerto*. Seeds from fruits purchased in Palin, but said to have been grown at Santa Maria de Jesus, between Palin and Antigua. The *injerto* is a common tree in this part of Guatemala. Unlike its near relative, the sapote (*Lucuma mammosa*), which seems to thrive only at comparatively low elevations in the tropics, the *injerto* is grown as high as 5000 or 6000 feet, and should, therefore, stand a better chance of succeeding in California and Florida than the sapote, which has, so far, been a failure in those states. The tree grows to a height of about 40 feet in this region, and has long, slender leaves suggesting those of the sapote. The fruits vary somewhat in shape, but are commonly round to oval, often pointed at the tip. They are two to three and a half inches in diameter, smooth, dull yellow-green in color, sometimes becoming almost dull yellow. The skin is not thick, and adheres closely to the flesh, which is red-brown in color, soft and melting, sweet with a pleasant flavor, somewhat resembling that of the sapote, but better. The large seed (sometimes there are two) is hard and polished, deep brown in color, and is easily removed from the pulp." (Popenoe.)

*Acrocomia mexicana* Karw. (Phoenicaceae.) 43484. Seeds of a palm from Villahermosa, Tabasco, Mexico. Presented by Mr. G. Itie, Director, Agricultural Experiment Station. "*Coyol de savana* or *cocoyol*. The natives use the fruit in making a dessert, cooking it with brown sugar. Rings are made from the shell." (Itie.)