

and one-half inches in diameter, rather soft and fleshy, three-celled and three-valved. A sort of economic oil is extracted from the seed.

*Betula cylindrostachya*. (Betulaceae.) 39002. Seeds of a birch from Darjeeling, India. "A pink-barked birch native of the Himalayas and found growing there at altitudes of from 3000 to 10000 feet. It reaches a height of about 60 feet and thrives well along forest streams. The wood is hard, strong, and durable." (Mueller, Select Extra Tropical Plants.)

*Corylus ferox*. (Betulaceae.) 39106. Seeds from Darjeeling, India. "A small tree native of Nepal and Sikkim found growing at altitudes ranging from 8000 to 10000 feet. The fruit which has an edible kernel is covered with a prickly cup. The wood is pinkish-white in color, moderately hard and even grained."

*Cotoneaster microphylla*. (Malaceae.) 39008. Seeds of a cotoneaster from Darjeeling, India. "An ornamental plant recently introduced into Indian gardens. It is known as Khariz luni in Kashmir and as Garri in Kumaon. The wood of this species is used in the manufacture of walking sticks and baskets. When mixed with Parrotia it is used in the construction of twig bridges in Kashmir. The fruit is sweet."

*Dillenia pentagyna*. (Dilleniaceae.) 39109. Seeds from Darjeeling, India. "A deciduous tree of Oudh, Bengal, Assam, central, south and western India, and Burma. In the younger trees the leaves are sometimes as much as two feet in length and the flowers, buds, and fruit when green are eaten by the natives. The tree flowers in March and April and later produces a berry which is said to have an agreeable acid flavor resembling that of *Grewia asiatica*. The wood is tough, moderately hard, and of a reddish-grey color. It is used in ship construction, in rice-mills and in the manufacture of charcoal of very good quality. The leaves of this tree are sold in the bazar at Poona as a sub-stratum for thatching."

*Eriobotrya petiolata*. (Malaceae.) 39111. Seeds from Darjeeling, India. "This tree is a native of the eastern Himalayas and is found growing in Sikkim and Bhotan at elevations of 5000 to 9000 feet. The leaves are firmly coriaceous and vary from 6 to 9 inches in length and from three to three and one-half inches in width. The panicles are from three to six inches in length and broad, branched from the base, very spreading and clothed with a rusty