

76416 to 76453—Continued.

76438. PENNISETUM sp.

No. 371. *Big Tororo* grass. November 4, 1927. A grass similar to No. 370 [No. 76437], but with much larger heads. It was found along the road east and west of Tororo, Uganda.

76439. PENNISETUM sp.

No. 374. November 10, 1927. A tall bunch grass, 5 to 7 feet high, growing among elephant grass along the road near the Crater Lakes, south of Fort Portal, Uganda. It is one of the few grasses which appear to hold their own in the rank elephant grass covering the lower slopes and foothills of Ruwenzori.

76440. PENNISETUM sp.

No. 391. November 19, 1927. Presented by W. L. Watt, superintendent, Scott Agricultural Laboratories, Nairobi, Kenya Colony. It appears to be the "Pennisetum with witch-broom tufts," common in moist places all over the East African plains.

76441. PHASEOLUS SEMIERECTUS L. Fabaceae.

No. 600. November 8, 1927. A common legume growing in the grassland at Kyegegwa, Uganda. The flowers are large and purple, and the brown hairy pods are long and slender.

For previous introduction see No. 61008.

76442. PISUM SATIVUM L. Fabaceae. Pea.

No. 379. November 12, 1927. Presented by G. O. Ishmael, Kampala. An edible pink-flowered pea said to be indigenous in southwestern Uganda, and the only good-flowered pea that does well in Uganda. When cooked the peas are darker colored than English garden peas, but they are quite as palatable.

76443. RUBUS sp. Rosaceae.

No. 661. November 9, 1927. A variety growing locally in the forest and at the edge of the bamboo zone on Ruwenzori Range, near Buwanda Pass.

76444. TRICHOLAENA ROSEA Nees. Poaceae.
Natal grass.

No. 388. Government Plantation, Kampala, Uganda, November 12, 1927. Grass No. 8. One of the series of nine grasses selected by T. D. Maitland, former botanist of Uganda, as being the most promising indigenous grasses for forage in Uganda.

For previous introduction see No. 73262.

76445 to 76447. TRIFOLIUM spp. Fabaceae.
Clover.

76416 to 76453—Continued.

76445. TRIFOLIUM sp.

No. 368. November, 1927. Near Timbora, Kenya Colony, at an altitude of 9,000 feet on the Eldoret Road, en route to Uganda. A pointed-leaved, white-flowered creeping clover growing in natural sward in deep-red "coffee" soil. It is believed that this species had not been collected elsewhere, though the identity is uncertain.

76446. TRIFOLIUM sp.

No. 369. November, 1927. Near Timbora, Kenya Colony, at an altitude of 9,000 feet, on the Eldoret Road, en route to Uganda. A fine grazing type of clover with large violet, magenta, or deep-red flowers growing in natural sod. It is a promising clover for cool moist regions.

76447. TRIFOLIUM sp.

No. 372. November 9, 1927. A clover with small red flowers, found at the foot of Buwanda Pass, Ruwenzori Range, Uganda. This is the only clover found on Ruwenzori Range or known to occur there.

76448. VIGNA sp. Fabaceae.

No. 392. November, 1927. A not-uncommon vine in Kenya Colony, said to be of potential usefulness for forage or green manure. It grew voluntarily at the Scott Agricultural Laboratories, Nairobi, Kenya Colony. The plant from which these seeds were taken was very leafy and luxuriant.

76449. LEONOTIS NEPETAEFOLIA (L.) Ait. Men-
thaceae.

No. 393. Nakuru, Kenya Colony. November 1, 1927. A herbaceous orange-flowered perennial resembling monarda, found throughout east Africa and at an altitude of 10,000 feet on Mount Kenya where it becomes 12 feet high. It has been introduced into England as an ornamental. Several forms occur with flowers varying from light pink through rather deep red to bright orange. The latter color predominates.

76450. (Undetermined.)

No. 633. November 1, 1927. A tree growing near a small stream between Gilgil and Nakuru, Kenya Colony.

76451. (Undetermined.)

No. 692. November 11, 1927. A legume common on grassland and hills between Kyegegwa and Kampala, Uganda.

76452. (Undetermined.)

No. 696. November 11, 1927. A shrublike honeysuckle found between Kyegegwa and Kampala, Uganda.

76453. (Undetermined.)

No. 702. November 13, 1927. A low tree growing in a garden at Kampala, Uganda.