

76199. BROMELIA PINGUIN L. Bromeliaceae. Pinguin.

From San Juan, Porto Rico. Offshoots presented by O. W. Barrett, Agricultural Director of the Department of Agriculture and Labor. Received February 21, 1928.

A West Indian succulent plant, 3 to 4 feet high, with spiny margined leaves which turn red with age. The reddish flowers are in dense panicles, and the acid fruits, the size of plums, furnish a cooling juice.

For previous introduction see No. 54798.

76200 to 76202. PRUNUS spp. Amygdalaceae.

From Auckland, New Zealand. Bud wood obtained from George A. Green, of the New Zealand Association of Nurserymen. Received at the United States Plant Introduction Garden, Chico, Calif., in May, 1925. Numbered in January, 1928.

76200 and 76201. PRUNUS ARMENIACA L. Apricot.

76200. Bolton. An excellent canning apricot which is a good shipper and very popular. It comes in just after the midseason variety, *Moopark*.

76201. Newcastle. An early, upright-growing variety producing an abundance of medium-sized, freestone fruits which are yellow with a red cheek and are rich in flavor.

76202. PRUNUS SALICINA Lindl. Japanese plum.

Purple king. A handsome, nearly spherical fruit of a deep-wine or cherry-red color. The quality is said to be good with regard to flavor and texture of flesh, and it is reported as being an excellent shipper.

76203 to 76279.

From Kew, England. Seeds presented by Dr. A. W. Hill, Director of the Royal Botanic Gardens. Received March 9, 1928.

76203. ACANTHOPANAX SESSILIFLORUM (Rupr. and Maxim.) Seem. Araliaceae.

For previous introduction and description see No. 76105.

76204 to 76209. ALLIUM spp. Liliaceae. Onion.

76204. ALLIUM BEESIANUM W. W. Smith.

An ornamental western Chinese onion, 9 to 18 inches high, with pendulous blue flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 69900.

76205. ALLIUM KANSUENSE Regel.

An ornamental blue-flowered onion native to northwestern China.

For previous introduction see No. 69902.

76206. ALLIUM KARATAVIENSE Regel.

A broad-leaved onion, native to Turkestan, with dense umbels of pink flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 73600.

76207. ALLIUM NARCISIFLORUM Vill.

An Italian onion, about 9 inches high, with rose-colored flowers in nodding heads.

For previous introduction see No. 73524.

76208. ALLIUM OSTROWSKIANUM Regel.

A Turkestan onion with rose-colored flowers produced freely in many-flowered umbels on scapes 6 inches high.

For previous introduction see No. 73527.

76203 to 76279—Continued.

76209. ALLIUM ROSENBACHANUM Regel.

A bulbous perennial, native to Turkestan, with oblong-lanceolate leaves 8 inches high and a large globular umbel of purple flowers on a scape 2 feet high.

76210. ALNUS HIRSUTA Turcz. Betulaceae. Manchurian alder.

A rather handsome, medium-sized tree, native to Japan and Manchuria, with rounded elliptic, slightly lobed leaves which are hairy beneath.

For previous introduction see No. 73403.

76211. ARBUTUS UNEDO L. Ericaceae. Strawberry tree.

An Irish evergreen tree up to 40 feet high, with smooth dark-green leaves 2 to 4 inches long, flowers produced from October to December in drooping panicles 2 inches long and wide, and globose, strawberrylike fruits, three-fourths of an inch across, which are orange-red and rough on the surface. They ripen during the autumn following the production of the flowers, at the same time as the succeeding crop of blossoms.

For previous introduction see No. 41502.

76212 to 76218. BERBERIS spp. Berberidaceae. Barberry.

76212. BERBERIS ATROCARPA C. Schneid.

An ornamental Chinese shrub, 3 to 5 feet high, with leathery evergreen leaves, shining rich green above and yellowish green beneath, and almost globose jet-black fruits.

For previous introduction see No. 65224.

76213. BERBERIS BEANIANA C. Schneid.

A semievergreen Chinese shrub with long yellow spines, yellow flowers, and purple ellipsoidal fruits.

For previous introduction see No. 65225.

76214. BERBERIS DARWINI Hook. Darwin barberry.

A tender evergreen shrub, 6 feet or more high, native to southern Chile. The spectacular orange flowers are succeeded by oval plum-colored berries.

For previous introduction see No. 73531.

76215. BERBERIS LYCIUM Royle.

A half-evergreen shrub, 10 feet high, with narrow, bright-green leaves and pale-yellow flowers followed by ovoid violet berries. It is native to northern India.

For previous introduction see No. 58139.

76216. BERBERIS THIBETICA C. Schneid.

A semideciduous shrub, 3 to 4 feet tall, with purplish glaucous branches, entire leaves which are whitish beneath, and yellow flowers followed by dull reddish berries. It is native to western China.

For previous introduction see No. 58133.

76217. BERBERIS VIRESCENS Hook. f.

A deciduous Himalayan shrub, 6 to 9 feet high, with smooth reddish shining branches, slender spines sometimes three-fourths of an inch long, bright-green leaves, pale sulphur-yellow flowers, and slender reddish berries.

For previous introduction see No. 58803.

76218. BERBERIS YUNNANENSIS Franch.

A deciduous shrub, 3 to 6 feet high, with dense rounded spines, nearly circular leaves, pale-yellow flowers, and bright-red berries. It is native to western China.

For previous introduction see No. 66544.