

76000 to 76007. PRUNUS spp. Amygdalaceae.

From Saonara, Padova, Italy. Plants purchased from Fratelli Sgaravatti. Received January 4, 1928.

76000. PRUNUS AVIUM L. Sweet cherry.

Napoleone (Imbrian). A variety which produces large, brilliant rose-colored fruits, with very agreeable, white pulp, ripening during June and July.

76001 to 76007. PRUNUS CERASUS L. Sour cherry.

76001. *Del Nord.* A variety producing medium-sized juicy and somewhat acid fruits which are rose red passing to purple. They ripen during June.

76002. *Imperiale.* A variety producing large bright-red fruits which are tender, sweet, and slightly acid. They ripen during June and July.

76003. *Lodgiana.* A variety with medium-sized red subacid fruits which ripen during June and July.

76004. *Marasca di Ostheim.* A variety with medium-sized deep-red fruits which ripen during June.

76005. *Marasca moscata.* A large-fruited variety with especially fine flavor.

76006. *Marasca olandense.* A large black-fruited variety.

76007. *Ministro Podbielski.* A variety producing very large deep-red fruits with subacid flesh and colored juice. They ripen during July.

76008. MELIOSMA DILLENIAEFOLIA Wall. Sabiaceae.

From Dehra Dun, United Provinces, India. Seeds presented by R. N. Parker, forest botanist of the Forest Research Institute and College. Received January 6, 1928.

A small tree up to 20 feet high, native to the temperate slopes of the Himalayas in India. The branchlets, petioles, and panicles are covered with a soft rusty pubescence. The obovate, coarsely toothed leaves are a foot long, and the small white flowers are borne in lax panicles.

76009. PANAX QUINQUEFOLIUM L. Araliaceae. Ginseng.

From Tokyo, Japan. Seeds presented by Dr. T. Kariyone, of the Imperial Hygienic Laboratory. Received January 6, 1928.

A Japanese ginseng which is cultivated in Japan for export to China, where it is highly regarded for medicinal purposes.

For previous introduction see No. 36282.

76010. CASTANEA MOLLISSIMA Blume. Fagaceae. Hairy chestnut.

From Fa Hua Ssu Temple, Chihli, China. Seeds obtained through Peter Liu, Peking. Received January 10, 1928.

Tiger-paw chestnut.

For previous introduction see No. 62257.

76011. DIOSPYROS VIRGINIANA L. Diospyraceae. Common persimmon.

From Glenn Dale, Md. Seeds presented by Albert Hassall, Bureau of Animal Industry. Received January 10, 1928.

A variety with unusually sweet and aromatic flesh from which the seeds separate very easily.

76012. DANTHONIA PILOSA R. Br. Poaceae. Grass.

From Wellington, New Zealand. Seeds presented by Wright, Stephenson & Co. Received January 10, 1928.

A grass native to New Zealand, which is gradually gaining popularity there as a pasture grass and also in several other countries where it has been tried. It is a perennial and is said to thrive in districts too dry to support almost any other grass. It does well on dry clay hills or stony flats and is considered especially good for sheep.

For previous introduction see No. 64527.

76013. CLEMATIS ARMANDI Franch? Ranunculaceae. Armand clematis.

From Paris, France. Plants purchased from Vilmorin-Andrieux & Co. Received January 12, 1928.

A tender ornamental Chinese vine with fragrant starry white flowers. It is characterized by the abundance and the persistence of its foliage.

For previous introduction see No. 63392.

76014. CEIBA ACUMINATA (S. Wats.) Rose. Bombacaceae. Pochote.

From Mexico. Cuttings obtained through L. H. Dewey, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received January 10, 1928.

A close relative of the kapok tree (*Ceiba pentandra*), said to form a large or medium-sized tree with a greenish spiny trunk, compound leaves, and hard oblong fruits about 7 inches long which contain whitish down used for stuffing pillows, life preservers, and for making candlewicks. It is native to western and southern Mexico.

For previous introduction see No. 75698.

76015. PSIDIUM GUAJAVA L. Myrtaceae. Guava.

From New Smyrna, Fla. Seeds presented by John Y. Detwiler, through R. A. Young, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received January 11, 1928.

A guava with thick flesh which is sweet with a fair amount of acid and comparatively small seeds. The specimen of fruit received, said to be one-third to one-half average size, was 3½ by 2¼ inches, yellow skinned and white fleshed, the flesh being nearly three-fourths of an inch thick.

For previous introduction see No. 75724.

76016. ACANTHORIZA WARSZEWICZII Wendl. Phoenicaceae. Palm.

From Summit, Canal Zone. Seeds presented by J. E. Higgins, Plant Introduction Garden. Received January 12, 1928.

A handsome palm with fan-shaped leaves which with age become divided at the base. The lower part of the slender trunk is armed with spinelike roots. Native to Panama.

76017. CITRUS sp. Rutaceae.

From Wellington, New Zealand. Seeds presented by Mrs. Frieda Cobb Blanchard. Received January 14, 1928.

The *Pitcairn Island* orange is a variety grown locally.

76018. PRUNUS sp. Amygdalaceae. Cherry.

From Mienchow, Szechwan, China. Seeds of unknown origin. Received January 10, 1928.

Wild cherry fruits.