

72781 to 72818—Continued.

72806. *HEDYSARUM ESCULENTUM* Ledeb.

A hardy herbaceous yellow-flowered perennial, native to Siberia.

For previous introduction see No. 42191.

72807. *HEDYSARUM FLAVESCENS* Regel and Schmalh.

A hardy bushy leguminous plant with yellow flowers. Native to Turkestan.

For previous introduction see No. 42192.

72808. *HUMEA ELEGANS* J. E. Smith. Asteraceae. Fountain humea.

A somewhat tender red-flowered biennial, about 6 feet high, native to New South Wales.

72809. *LONICERA CHAETOCARPA* Rehd. Caprifoliaceae. Honeysuckle.

A honeysuckle collected in Kansu, western China, by E. H. Wilson, which is described (Curtis's Botanical Magazine, pl. 8804) as a shrub of compact habit and about 5 feet in height. The oblong leaves are bright green and more or less hairy, and the flowers, an inch or more in length, open in early June and are a pleasing primrose yellow.

For previous introduction see No. 66297.

72810. *MALUS KANSUENSIS* (Batal.) C. Schneid. Malaceae.

A hardy ornamental wild apple, up to 8 meters high, with white flowers and red or yellow fruits. Native to northwestern China.

72811. *ONOBRYCHIS TOURNEFORTHII* (Willd.) Desv. Fabaceae.

A hardy herbaceous perennial native to Asia Minor.

72812. *PERNETTYA MUCRONATA* (L. f.) Gaud. Ericaceae.

According to W. J. Bean (Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles, vol. 2, p. 127), this is one of the finest ornamental shrubs, native to South America, about the Straits of Magellan. It is one of the hardiest from that continent, and is rarely injured by frost in the neighborhood of London. The shrub is evergreen, 2 to 5 feet high, and spreads freely by suckers, forming ultimately a dense low thicket. The nodding white flowers, one-fourth of an inch long, are produced singly in the axils of the leaves at the ends of the shoots. The round berries, up to half an inch in diameter, vary in color from white to pink, lilac, crimson, purple, or almost black and remain on the branches throughout the winter and following spring. At Kew the berries are untouched by the birds.

For previous introduction see No. 62286.

72813. *PHOTINIA BEAUVERDIANA* C. Schneid. Malaceae.

A somewhat tender evergreen shrub with white flowers. Native to western China.

72814. *PYRACANTHA CRENULATA RODGERSIANA* A. B. Jacks. Malaceae.

A handsome evergreen spiny shrub with white flowers and orange-red fruits. Native to western China.

72815. *RODGERSIA PINNATA* Franch. Saxifragaceae.

A hardy herbaceous perennial, 2 to 4 feet high, with flowers varying in color from pink to deep red.

For previous introduction see No. 48655.

72781 to 72818—Continued.

72816. *ROSA DAVIDI* Crepin. Rosaceae. David rose.

A pink-flowered, orange-fruited rose, up to 18 feet high, native to western Szechwan, China, at altitudes of 4,000 to 9,000 feet. It is the nearest Chinese relative of *Rosa macrophylla* of the western Himalayas.

For previous introduction see No. 61986.

72817. *STRANVAESIA DAVIDIANA UNDULATA* (Decaisne) Rehd. and Wils. Malaceae.

A low spreading evergreen shrub, or occasionally a small tree, native to western China. The narrow-oval, leathery leaves, 1 to 3 inches long, are glossy green, and the white flowers, about half an inch in diameter, appear in terminal clusters. Its greatest charm as an ornamental is the abundant crop of bright-red fruits.

For previous introduction see No. 66312.

72818. *TRIGONELLA POLYMERATA* L. Fabaceae.

A prostrate or ascending annual, 1 or 2 feet high, with obovate leaflets and small umbellike clusters of yellow flowers. Native to southern Europe and northern Africa.

For previous introduction see No. 58717.

72819 to 72827.

From Edinburgh, Scotland. Seeds presented by William Wright Smith, Regius Keeper, Royal Botanic Garden. Received February 12, 1927.

72819 to 72821. *ALNUS* spp. Betulaceae. Alder.

72819. *ALNUS INCANA PENDULA* Callier. Speckled alder.

A pendulous variety of the speckled alder. The typical form is native to the eastern United States, where it is a small tree with dark-green leaves which are rusty beneath.

72820. *ALNUS INCANA GLAUCA* (Michx.) Ait.

A variety with the leaves blue-green beneath.

72821. *ALNUS HIRSUTA* Turcz.

A hardy Japanese tree, up to 60 feet in height, with large handsome foliage.

72822. *BUDDLEIA STENOSTACHYA* Rehd. and Wils. Loganiaceae.

For previous introduction and description see No. 72786.

72823. *CISTUS VILLOSUS CORSICUS* (Lois.) Grosser. Cistaceae.

An erect ornamental hairy shrub, about 4 feet high, with small rounded-oval leaves and purplish pink flowers. Native to the island of Corsica.

72824. *COTONEASTER HARROVIANA* Wilson. Malaceae.

For previous introduction and description see No. 72794.

72825. *CRATAEGUS ORIENTALIS* Pall. Malaceae. Hawthorn.

A shrub or small tree, with dense corymbs of flowers and dark-red fruits. It is native to dry, stony places in Asia Minor and southeastern Europe and is said to withstand much heat and drought.

For previous introduction see No. 61331.

72826. *PERNETTYA MUCRONATA* (L. f.) Gaud. Ericaceae.

For previous introduction and description see No. 72812.

72827. *STRANVAESIA DAVIDIANA UNDULATA* (Decaisne) Rehd. and Wils. Malaceae.

For previous introduction and description see No. 72817.