

69714 to 69848—Continued.

Nos. 69844 to 69846 were obtained from the experimental field of the Chinese Eastern Railway, through F. F. Terentief, director of the land department.

69844. *HORDEUM VULGARE COELESTE* L. Poaceae. Six-rowed barley.

No. 8465. *Peking*.

69845. *HORDEUM VULGARE NIGRUM* (Willd.) Beaven. Poaceae. Six-rowed barley.

No. 8451. *Feng tien hei* (black barley of Mukden).

69846. *PANICUM MILIACEUM* L. Poaceae. Proso.

No. 8510. *Laokothala raokolutaiows*.

Numbers 69847 and 69848 were obtained through the cooperation of D. McLorn, Postal Commissioner, Harbin.

69847. *PHASEOLUS AUREUS* Roxb. Fabaceae. Mung bean.

No. 8615. From Santaokang, Kirin Province.

69848. *HORDEUM VULGARE PALLIDUM* Seringe. Poaceae. Six-rowed barley.

No. 8323. From Tungnanchen, Heilungkiang Province.

69849. *PRUNUS CERASIFERA PISSARDI* × *SALICINA*. Amygdalaceae.

From Chico, Calif. A hybrid originated by the late Walter Van Fleet at Little Silver, N. J., and grown at the Chico Plant Introduction Garden. Numbered December, 1926.

Tree 3, row 66, old test orchard. Tree small, fairly vigorous, prolific; fruits rounded, about 1½ inches in diameter; skin dark red, overspread with bluish bloom, dots numerous and small; flesh light red, firm, very juicy, sweet, of fair quality; pit large, pointed, oval, flat, clinging to flesh. Fruits very attractive in appearance, good for home use. Ripens at Chico from late May until the middle of June.

69850 to 69864.

From Brignoles, France. Seeds presented by Dr. R. Salgues, Director, Brignoles Botanic Station. Received November 15, 1926.

69850. *CORONILLA SCORPIOIDES* (L.) Koch. Fabaceae.

An erect yellow-flowered herbaceous perennial, about 6 inches high, native to the Mediterranean countries.

For previous introduction see No. 37638.

69851. *CRUPINA VULGARIS* Pers. Astera-ceae.

A thistlelike herbaceous plant, about 3 feet high, with pinkish flowers. Native to the Mediterranean countries.

69852. *CYNOSURUS ECHINATUS* L. Poa-Grass.

An annual bushy grass, up to 2 feet high, with slender stems, native to southern Europe.

69853. *EUPHORBIA SERRATA* L. Euphorbiaceae. Spurge.

A herbaceous perennial, native to the warmer parts of southern Europe, with narrow serrate leaves.

69850 to 69864—Continued.

69854. *GLADIOLUS SEGETUM* Ker. Iridaceae.

A European gladiolus of free habit, fond of warm dry soil and a sunny situation, with rather small rose-purple flowers. It is an admirable species for mixed borders.

For previous introduction see No. 57858.

69855. *JUNIPERUS PHOENICEA* L. Pinaceae. Phoenician juniper.

A low ornamental evergreen tree about 20 feet high, native to dry places in the Mediterranean countries.

For previous introduction see No. 65020.

69856. *LATHYRUS APHACA* L. Fabaceae.

A semiprostrate or ascending yellow-flowered leguminous herb, native to Asia Minor.

For previous introduction see No. 40313.

69857. *MEDICAGO MINIMA* (L.) Grufberg. Fabaceae.

A prostrate leguminous annual, with stems about 2 feet long, native to dry situations in southern Europe.

For previous introduction see No. 57899.

69858. *ONOBRYCHIS CAPUT-GALLI* (L.) Lam. Fabaceae.

An annual or biennial, prostrate or ascending plant with stems up to 3 feet in length. Native to dry situations in the Mediterranean region.

For previous introduction see No. 64637.

69859. *RUMEX BUCEPHALOPHORUS* L. Polygonaceae.

A hardy European herbaceous plant, the leaves of which are used as greens.

69860. *SCORZONERA HIRSUTA* L. Cichoriaceae.

A hardy herbaceous thistlelike perennial, about 1½ feet high, with white flowers. Native to southern Europe.

69861. *TAMUS COMMUNIS* L. Dioscoreaceae.

A twining herbaceous perennial, belonging to the yam family, with a tuberous root and bearing small red berries. Native to Europe and Asia.

69862. *THLASPI ALLIACEUM* L. Brassicaceae.

A herbaceous plant, belonging to the mustard family; the seeds, which taste like garlic, are used medicinally for rheumatism.

69863. *TRIFOLIUM STELLATUM* L. Fabaceae. Clover.

An annual upright clover, up to a foot high, native to the Mediterranean region.

For previous introduction see No. 64645.

69864. *CYNANCHUM VINCETOXICUM* (L.) Pers. Asclepiadaceae.

A hardy herbaceous perennial, 2 to 3 feet high, with white flowers. Native to Europe.