

69320 to 69353—Continued.

69325. No. 7161. From Keertarshi, Heilungkiang Province, a very cold region where the farmers plant only wheat, barley, oats, and millet.
69326. No. 7165. From Tiehsanpo.
69327. No. 7169. From Taolaichao.
69328. No. 7173. From Tungchialun, Kirin Province.
69329. No. 7177. From Mintzushihching, Heilungkiang Province.
69330. No. 7181. From Hushullho.
69331. No. 7185. From Tatientzu.
69332. No. 7189. From Ertaokou.
69333. No. 7193. From Heilungkiang Province.
69334. No. 7196. From Taputzuhakou, Kirin Province.
69335. No. 7199. From Nientzushan, Heilungkiang Province.
69336. No. 7203. From Ahcheng.
69337. No. 7207. From Tawetzukou, Kirin Province.
69338. No. 7211. From Hengtaohotzu, Kirin Province.
69339. No. 7215. From Tulungchuan, Kirin Province.
69340. No. 7219. From Paochiakou, Kirin Province.
69341. No. 7223. From Shanhotun.
69342. No. 7227. From Tapahao, Kirin Province.
69343. No. 7231. From Ningnienchan, Heilungkiang Province.
69344. No. 7235. From Psaochiau, Kirin Province.
69345. No. 7239. From Pansihhsien.
69346. No. 7243. From Paoching.
69347. No. 7247. From Nanyangtsun.
69348. No. 7251. From Nantzuchengying, Kirin Province.
69349. No. 7255. From Shahoyen, Kirin Province.
69350. No. 7259. From Kuanti, Kirin Province.
69351. No. 7263. From Chichachae, Kirin Province.
69352. No. 7274. From Wengchaengchiehtzu, Kirin Province.
69353. No. 7278. From Minchiatun, Kirin Province.
- 69354. SACCHARUM SPONTANEUM L. Poaceae. Grass.**
- From Santiago de las Vegas, Cuba. Plants presented by Gonzalo M. Fortun, Director, Estación Experimental Agronómica, through E. W. Brandes, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received November 22, 1926.

An ornamental tropical grass, with silvery panicles, which is related to the sugar cane.

For previous introduction see No. 55668.

69355 to 69357.

From Stockholm, Sweden. Seeds obtained by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received November 15, 1926.

69355. CORNUS SUECICA L. Cornaceae.

No. 924. Stockholm Botanic Gardens. July, 1926. A dwarf dogwood resembling *Cornus canadensis*. The beautiful white bracts make it very attractive.

69356. EREMURUS HIMALAICUS Baker. Liliaceae.

No. 923. Stockholm Botanic Gardens. November, 1926. A tall handsome bulbous plant, 3 to 6 feet high, with showy white flowers, native to the Himalayas.

For previous introduction see No. 43467.

69357. MEDITAGO CARSTIENSIS Wulf. Fabaceae.

No. 922. Stockholm Botanic Gardens. November, 1926. A herbaceous perennial with yellow flowers. Native to central Europe.

For previous introduction see No. 35156.

69358. LILIUM PHILIPPINENSE Baker. Liliaceae. Benguet lily.

From Tunbridge Wells, England. Seeds purchased from E. Wallace & Co. Received November 18, 1926.

Variety *formosanum*. A Philippine lily with a smooth slender green stem 1 or 2 feet high and 30 to 40 horizontal leaves 3 to 5 inches long. The fragrant flowers, usually solitary, are 4 to 6 inches wide and pure waxy white with yellow anthers. ▼

69359 to 69361.

From Manchuria. Seeds obtained by P. H. Dorsett, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received November 11, 1926.

69359. ACTINIDIA ARGUTA (Sieb. and Zucc.) Planch. Dilleniaceae.

No. 6770. Obtained through the Manchurian Research Society, at Shitoukhetsy, Chinese Eastern Railway. September 19, 1926. A high-climbing hardy shrub, native to northeastern Asia, with broadly oval leaves about 4 inches long, white flowers about three-fourths of an inch across, and sweet edible greenish yellow fruits about an inch long.

For previous introduction see No. 65484.

69360. TILIA AMURENSIS Rupr. Tiliaceae. Linden.

No. 6769. Ertsendiuntsy, September 27, 1926. A small-leaved linden, excellent as a bee-pasture tree. Honey made from it is considered here to be the best.

For previous introduction see No. 65551.

69361. TRILLIUM sp. Convallariaceae.

No. 6776. Obtained through the Manchurian Research Society in their forest concession at Shitoukhetsy, September 29, 1926. A hardy perennial, native to Manchuria, of possible value as an ornamental.