

67344 to 67376.

From Cambridge, England. Seeds presented by H. G. Carter, Director, Cambridge Botanic Garden. Received May 12, 1926.

67344. *ALLIUM NARCISSIFLORUM* Vill. Liliaceae.
Onion.

An elegant Italian species, about 9 inches high, with nodding heads of beautiful rose-colored flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 58682.

67345. *ARISTEA AFRICANA* (L.) Hoffmannsegg (*A. cyanea* Ait.). Iridaceae.

A dwarf, irislike plant from the Cape of Good Hope, with spikes of short-lived blue flowers.

67346. *ASTER FARRERI* Hort.

A herbaceous perennial about a foot high, with handsome flowers. The narrow ray flowers are rich velvet, and the disk is reddish orange.

67347 to 67349. *BERBERIS* spp. Berberidaceae.

67347. *BERBERIS CHITRIA* D. Don. **Barberry.**

A spiny shrub, 6 feet or less high, with oblong leaves 1 to 3 inches long, deep-yellow or reddish flowers in long-stemmed panicles, and ovoid, purple berries. Native to the Himalayas.

67348. *BERBERIS EMPETRIFOLIA* Pers.
Crow barberry.

A low densely branched barberry, 1 or 2 feet high, with linear, bright-green leaves and bluish black fruits. Native to southern South America.

For previous introduction see No. 35923.

67349. *BERBERIS STENOPHYLLA* Lindl.
Rosemary barberry.

A hybrid between *Berberis darwinii* and *B. empetrifolia* which first appeared, according to Bean (Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles, vol. 1), in the nursery of Fisher and Holmes, near Sheffield, England, several years ago. As described by Bean it is an evergreen bush about 10 feet high, which forms a dense thicket of slender interlacing stems. The small deep-green leaves are spine tipped, and the small golden-yellow flowers are profusely borne in small clusters. The globular fruits are covered with a blue-white bloom.

For previous introduction see No. 65240.

67350. *CISTUS VILLOSUS* L. Cistaceae. **Rockrose.**

An erect hairy shrub, 3 to 4 feet high, with wrinkled, gray-green leaves and one to three reddish flowers about 2 inches wide. Native to the Mediterranean region.

67351. *CYNOGLOSSUM AMABILE* Stapf and Drummond. Boraginaceae.
Hound's-tongue.

For previous introduction and description see No. 67001.

67352 to 67355. *CYTISUS* spp. Fabaceae. **Broom.**

67352. *CYTISUS BIFLORUS* L'Herit.

A leguminous shrub 3 feet high, with slender branches and leaflets with silky lower surfaces. The yellow flowers are single or in pairs. Native to Europe and western Asia.

For previous introduction see No. 66557.

67353. *CYTISUS MONSPESSULANUS* L. **Broom.**

A leguminous shrub about 10 feet high, with fragrant bright-yellow flowers in small racemes. Native to the Canary Islands.

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67354. *CYTISUS PURGANS* (L.) Spach.
Province broom.

A yellow-flowered leguminous shrub about 3 feet high. Native to southern France and Spain.

67355. *CYTISUS PURPUREUS* Scop.

An erect or procumbent shrub, 2 feet or less in height, with one to three purple flowers and black pods. Native to southern Europe.

67356. *DAHLIA MERCKII* Lehm. Asteraceae.

A single-flowered dahlia, 2 to 3 feet high, with bipinnate leaves and flowers typically lilac color.

For previous introduction see No. 47552.

67357. *ELSHOLTZIA STAUNTONI* Benth. Men-thaceae.

A shrubby perennial 2 to 5 feet high, with bright-green oblong leaves and dense one-sided spikes of purple-lilac flowers. Native to northern China.

For previous introduction see No. 38819.

67358. *GENISTA RADIATA* (L.) Scop. Fabaceae.
Broom.

A rigid erect yellow-flowered leguminous shrub with oval silky pods. Native to south-eastern Europe.

67359. *GENISTA SAGITTALIS* (L.) Fabaceae.
Broom.

A dwarf procumbent leguminous shrub with ascending or erect branches, hairy oval leaves, and short terminal racemes of yellow flowers. Native to Europe and western Asia.

67360. *HERMODYCTYLUS TUBEROSUS* (L.) Mill. Iridaceae.

A hardy irislike plant, native to southern Europe, with glaucous four-angled stems, 1 or 2 feet long, and black-purple solitary flowers.

67361 to 67363. *ILEX* spp. Aquifoliaceae. **Holly.**

67361. *ILEX INTEGRATA* Thunb.

An evergreen Japanese shrub or tree, up to 40 feet in height, with oval or oblong, usually entire leaves 2 to 3 inches long and globular or ovoid red berries.

67362. *ILEX LATIFOLIA* Thunb.

A Japanese holly, one of the most attractive of the genus, which sometimes develops into a tree 60 feet tall. The glossy green leaves, 3 to 7 inches long, are oval or narrowly oblong, and the red berries, about one-third of an inch in diameter, are produced in dense clusters.

For previous introduction see No. 59391.

67363. *ILEX SIKKIMENSIS* Kurz.

A Himalayan holly described by Kurz (Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, vol. 44, pt. 2) as a moderately tall tree with stout branches, broadly oblong leathery leaves 5 or 6 inches long, and globular yellow berries.

For previous introduction see No. 62810.

67364 to 67366. *IRIS* spp. Iridaceae.

67364. *IRIS BULLEYANA* Dykes.
Hollow-stem iris.

An iris from western China which, as described by Dykes (The Genus *Iris*, p. 30), resembles *Iris clarkii*, having a hollow un-branched stem. The narrow leaves are glossy above and glaucous beneath. The stem, 15