

66903 to 66950—Continued.

66948. *VIBURNUM HANCEANUM* Maxim. Caprifoliaceae.

No. 158. A hardy bushy deciduous shrub from southwestern China, where it becomes 6 to 10 feet high. The branches are mostly horizontal, and the roundish, slightly toothed, sharp-pointed leaves are dull dark green above and pale grayish beneath. The inflorescence consists of a flat umbel 2 to 4 inches across; the center is filled with small perfect inconspicuous flowers, surrounded by a few large white imperfect flowers about an inch wide. The roundish egg-shaped fruits are at first coral red and finally blue-black.

For previous introduction see No. 58473.

66949. *VIBURNUM MACROCEPHALUM* Fortune. Caprifoliaceae. Chinese viburnum.

No. 162. A spreading shrub 12 feet or more high, with dark-green, oval-oblong leaves 2 to 4 inches long, and yellowish white flowers in cymes 3 to 5 inches across. Native to China.

66950. *VIOLA ODORATA* L. Violaceae. Sweet violet.

No. 1091.

For previous introduction see No. 62798.

66951 to 66954.

From Groningen, Netherlands. Seeds presented by Dr. J. C. Schoute, director, botanic garden. Received April 29, 1926.

66951. *ALLIUM KARATAVIENSE* Regel. Liliaceae. Onion.

A herbaceous plant with very broad, ovate-oblong, flat leaves, and pink flowers borne in dense, convex umbels. The scapes are about 6 inches high. Native to Turkestan.

For previous introduction see No. 60228.

66952. *ALLIUM PANICULATUM* L. Liliaceae. Onion.

A perennial onion, up to 2 feet high, with linear, half-terete leaves and purplish flowers. Native to the Mediterranean region.

66953. *CREPIS BIENNIS* L. Cichoriaceae.

A biennial composite, native to Europe, 1 or 2 feet high, introduced for the use of geneticists.

66954. *TRIGONELLA CAERULEA* (L.) Seringe. Fabaceae.

An upright annual, 2 feet or less high, with bright-blue flowers. Native to southeastern Europe.

For previous introduction see No. 66644.

66955. *CYNOGLOSSUM WALLICHII* Don. Boraginaceae. Hound's-tongue.

From Bordeaux, Gironde, France. Seeds presented by Prof. L. Beille, Director, Botanic Garden of Talence. Received April 29, 1926.

An erect hairy, herbaceous perennial with ovate or lanceolate leaves and elongated racemes of very small, intensely blue flowers. It is very common in the western part of the temperate Himalayas.

For previous introduction see No. 47670.

66956 to 66969.

From Paris, France. Seeds presented by Prof. D. Bois, Paris Museum of Natural History. Received April 29, 1926.

66956. *CERCIS CHINENSIS* Bunge. Caesalpinjaceae. Chinese redbud.

Tze ching. The Chinese redbud grows 10 to 12 feet high and stands drought very well. It is a very ornamental bush when in flower,

66956 to 66969—Continued.

blooming before the leaves are out. The leaves are large, glossy green, and more or less heart-shaped. (Note by Frank N. Meyer under No. 22468.)

66957. *CYTISUS LINIFOLIUS* (L.) Lam. Fabaceae. Broom.

A low shrub, 3 feet or less high, with erect silky hairy branches and very narrow shining-green leaflets with silvery lower surfaces. The bright-yellow flowers are in short compact clusters. Native to the Mediterranean countries.

For previous introduction see No. 66135.

66958. *HEMEROCALLIS MINOR* Mill. Liliaceae. Dwarf day lily.

An attractive bulbous plant, native to eastern Asia, with very narrow dark-green leaves a foot and a half long, with scapes about the same length bearing small clusters of golden-yellow flowers.

66959. *IRIS ENSATA* Thunb. Iridaceae. Russian iris.

Variety *pabularia*. A larger form with leaves purplish near the base; said to be used as a forage plant and to do well in very dry situations.

66960. *KNIPHOFIA ENSIFOLIA* Baker. Liliaceae. Torch lily.

A South African bulbous plant with sword-shaped leaves 3 feet long and a dense raceme of yellow flowers.

66961. *LABURNUM ANAGYROIDES ALSCHINGERI* (Vis.) C. Schneid. Fabaceae. Golden chain.

A variety with more silky leaves than the type and shorter racemes; native to southeastern Europe.

66962. *LIGUSTRUM COMPACTUM* Hook. f. and Thoms. Oleaceae. Privet.

A shrub 12 feet or less in height, with thick, narrowly oblong leaves 2 to 3 inches long. Native to Yunnan, China.

For previous introduction see No. 66581.

66963. *LILIUM POMPONIUM* L. Liliaceae. Lily.

A handsome graceful lily, native to the Alps of France and Italy, with 100 or more leaves and 1 to 15 flowers, brilliant scarlet, dotted purplish black, with an unpleasant odor.

66964. *ORNITHOGALUM LONGEBRACTEATUM* Jacq. Liliaceae.

A South African bulbous plant with five or six very narrow, fleshy leaves 1 to 2 feet long and a dense raceme of whitish flowers on a scape about 2 feet long.

66965. *PAEONIA VEITCHII* Lynch. Ranunculaceae. Peony.

A herbaceous peony, native to western China, about 2 feet high, with shining light-green leaves and purplish crimson flowers about 4 inches across.

66966 to 66968. *SCILLA* spp. Liliaceae. Squill.

66966. *SCILLA AMORENA* L.

A hardy European bulbous plant with four to seven leaves 6 to 9 inches long and blue flowers in many-flowered racemes.

66967. *SCILLA AUTUMNALIS* L.

A hardy North African bulbous plant with numerous half-terete leaves and pink flowers in open spikelike racemes.

66968. *SCILLA HISPANICA* Mill. Spanish squill.

An attractive bulbous plant, native to Spain and Portugal, with compact racemes of rose-purple or white flowers on long scapes