

65591 to 65610—Continued.

narrow panicles of yellow flowers, and egg-shaped salmon-red fruits about one-fourth of an inch long. It is a native of western China and grows very freely under cultivation at Kew, England.

For previous introduction, see No. 58136.

65593. *Berberis canadensis* Mill.

Received as *Berberis angulizans*, which is now referred to *B. canadensis*. This is the common barberry of the eastern United States, and seeds are now introduced for the use of horticulturists studying the genus *Berberis*.

For previous introduction, see No. 49055.

65594. *Berberis candidula* C. Schneid.

A prostrate evergreen shrub with yellowish branches, elliptic leaves, white beneath, and violet-black fruits. Native to central China.

65595. *Berberis dictyophylla* Franch.

A graceful bushy barberry, about 6 feet high, native to southwestern China, with small tufts of oblong leaves, glaucous beneath, solitary yellow flowers, and ovoid red berries.

For previous introduction, see No. 59003.

65598. *Berberis dielsiana* Fedde.

A spreading, loosely branched, Chinese shrub often 10 feet high, with elliptic leaves that are whitish beneath. The beauty of the red fruits is accentuated by the bronzy color of the leaves in the fall.

For previous introduction, see No. 58103.

65597. *Berberis francisci-ferdinandi* C. Schneid.

For previous introduction and description, see No. 65230.

65598. *Berberis gagnepaini* C. Schneid.

An evergreen Chinese shrub 3 to 6 feet high, with leathery leaves, spiny on the margins, and delicate yellow flowers on red pedicels. The ellipsoid berries are dark purple.

For previous introduction, see No. 61974.

65599. *Berberis julianae* C. Schneid.

A shrubby barberry, up to 7 feet high, native to western China. It has thick three-cleft spines about 1½ inches long, narrowly oval leathery leaves, and small, yellow flowers.

For previous introduction, see No. 63336.

65600. *Berberis levis* Franch.

An evergreen shrub up to 5 feet high, usually with long spines, with narrow-linear leaves, and small purplish fruits. Native to western China.

For previous introduction, see No. 34553.

65601. *Berberis morrisonensis* Hayata.

For previous introduction and description, see No. 65473.

65602. *Berberis rubrostilla* Hort.

"An elegant seedling barberry of unrecorded parentage, but probably a hybrid between *Berberis wilsonae* and *B. coccinea*. It has the habit of the latter, but has large, pendent, rich coral-red fruits. It is a very useful addition to our fruiting shrubs." (*Gardeners' Magazine*, vol. 59, p. 449.)

For previous introduction, see No. 47300.

65591 to 65610—Continued.

65603. *Berberis surcaulialata* C. Schneid.

A thickly branched shrub from Tibet, up to 4½ feet high, with spines up to an inch in length, thick lance-shaped leaves about an inch long, and globular, reddish yellow fruits one-fourth of an inch in diameter.

For previous introduction, see No. 58143.

65604. *Berberis wilsonae* Hemsl.

A handsome, sometimes partially evergreen shrub, 2 to 4 feet high, with abundant roundish coral-red berries, somewhat translucent. The leaves assume brilliant tints in the fall. Native to western China.

For previous introduction, see No. 60419.

65605. *Berberis* sp.

Farrer No. 355.

65606. *Berberis* sp.

M. V. No. 2763.

65607. *Berberis* sp.

Vilmorin No. 117/15.

65608. *Berberis* sp.

Wilson No. 1180.

65609. *Berberis* sp.

M. V. No. 7509.

65610. *Berberis* sp.

Labeled *Berberis morrisonensis* (?) No. 10912 Wilson; fruits not like *B. morrisonensis*.

65611. *Senecio grisebachii* Baker.
Asteraceae.

From Orotava, Tenerife, Canary Islands. Seeds presented by Juan Bolinaga, Directeur du Jardin de Acclimatacion. Received December 9, 1925.

A Brazilian composite which, as described by Martius (*Flora Brasiliensis*, vol. 6, pt. 3, p. 313), is either a biennial or perennial herb, with sessile linear leaves 3 to 4 inches long, white pubescent beneath, and lax panicles of small yellow flowers.

65612 to 65684.

From Manchuria. Collected by P. H. Dorsett, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received December, 1925.

65612. *Actinidia kolomikta* (Maxim.) Rupr.
Dilleniaceae.

No. 4576. Ertzingientze. October 26, 1925. Cuttings of an extremely ornamental vine with many of the leaves blotched with white.

For previous introduction, see No. 58153.

65613. *Amethystea caerulea* L. Menthaceae.

No. 4568. October 25, 1925. Seeds presented by L. B. Smearhoff, of Echo. Seeds eaten by birds. A fragrant hardy annual about a foot high.

65614. *Ampelopsis brevipedunculata* (Maxim.)
Koehne. Vitaceae.

No. 4633. Harbin. October 30, 1925. Cuttings of a variety producing yellowish green fruit, from the Russian cemetery. Seeds were sent in under No. 3723 [No. 65178].

For previous introduction, see No. 63332.