

64340 to 64420—Continued.

64415. *SPINACIA OLERACEA* L. Chenopodiaceae. Spinach.

No. 2900. May 14, 1925. Locally grown Chinese spinach, obtained from a shop in the Chinese section of Harbin.

64416. *TRITICUM AESTIVUM* L. (*T. vulgare* Vill.). Poaceae. Common wheat.

No. 2911. May 15, 1925. Received from R. C. Flory, Liaochou, Shansi.

64417 to 64419. *VIGNA SINENSIS* (Torner) Savi. Fabaceae. Cowpea.

64417. No. 2916-K. May 15, 1925. Received from R. C. Flory, Liaochou, Shansi, and according to him they are very common.

64418. No. 2916-L. May 15, 1925. Received from R. C. Flory, Liaochou, Shansi, who says they are very common.

64419. No. 2984. May 19, 1925. *Ma chian tou* (mottled cowpea), from locally grown stock, obtained from a grain dealer in the Chinese section of Harbin. The cowpeas are creamy at the base and have brownish red markings.

64420. *ZEA MAYS* L. Poaceae. Corn.

No. 2933. May 15, 1925. A small-grained yellow corn received from R. C. Flory, Liaochou, Shansi. He says this is plentiful as food for both man and beast. The people use it as a cake flour.

64421. *CITRUS* sp. Rutaceae.

From Simla, India. Plants presented by H. E. J. Peake, Khaltoo Fruit Orchards, Solan Brewery. Received May 6, 1925.

A wild lemon, indigenous to the Simla Hills, which is ideal as a citrus stock. (Peake.)

64422 to 64428.

From Morocco. Bulbs and seeds collected by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received June 29, 1925. Notes by Doctor Fairchild.

64422 and 64423. *NARCISSUS* spp. Amaryllidaceae.

A beautiful species accustomed to remain dormant as bulbs in the scorching

64422 to 64428—Continued.

soils of the near desert for six months at least, and then, in the early spring, when the rains come, to send up their slender leaves and delicate flower stalks with one to three white, almost translucent, nodding flowers. Found by Graham Fairchild on the outcropping of rocks called the Socrat en Nemra, near Boulhaut, northern Morocco.

64422. *NARCISSUS* sp.

Bulbs.

64423. *NARCISSUS* sp.

Seeds.

64424. *NARCISSUS* sp. Amaryllidaceae.

These bulbs were collected on the mountain near Ouezzan.

64425. *ORNITHOGALUM UNIFOLIUM* (L.) Ker. Liliaceae.

According to Prof. R. Maire, this is an attractive species and worthy a place in the amateur's collection. It occurs wild in the region around Marchang and near Rabat, Morocco.

A tender bulbous plant, native to the Mediterranean region, with greenish flowers. It is about 6 inches high.

64426. *ROMULEA BULBOCODIUM* (L.) Sebast. and Mauri. Iridaceae.

Bulbs from the plateau between Oujda and Taza, Morocco. The Arab boys and women dig the tiny corms, which are good to eat and rather sweet, and tie them into bundles. The baked clay soil in this region is peppered with little rosettes made by the slender grasslike leaves.

For previous introduction see S. P. I. No. 63482.

64427 and 64428. *ROMULEA ENGLERI* Bequaenot. Iridaceae.

The *Romulea* is somewhat like a small-flowered crocus. Prof. R. Maire says that this is one of the best.

According to Engler's *Botanische Jahrbücher* (vol. 38, p. 324), the violet flowers of this bulbous plant are borne singly or in few-flowered clusters on scapes about 20 inches high. The leaves, which are longer than the scape, are flattened cylindrical.

64427. Bulbs.

64428. Seeds.