

56285 to 56287—Continued.

56286 and 56287. *TRIFOLIUM REPENS* L.
White clover.

"The white clovers represent two of our best strains, one developed on the island of Fyn and the other on the mainland of Jutland. Both of these are very popular in Denmark."

56286. *Morso.*

56287. *Stryno.*

56288 to 56386.

From China. Seeds collected by J. F. Rock, Agricultural Explorer of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Received February 2, 1923. Quoted notes by Mr. Rock.

56288 to 56291. *ACER* spp. *Aceraceae*. **Maple.**

56288. *ACER DAVIDI* Franch.

"(No. 6799. October, 1922.) A very attractive maple 50 to 60 feet in height, found on the Likang Snow Range at an altitude of 10,000 feet. It has large oval heart-shaped, coarsely toothed leaves and long pendent clusters of samaras."

56289. *ACER* sp.

"(October, 1922.) A tall, stately tree 50 to 80 feet high, with a straight trunk, found among limestone boulders back of Nguluku on the Likang Snow Range at an altitude of 9,600 feet. The rather small leaves are 5-lobed, and the samaras are in erect spikes."

56290. *ACER* sp.

"(No. 6806. October, 1922.) A tall tree 70 to 80 feet high, with a dense round crown, from the western slopes of the Likang Snow Range on the Ashi Road at an altitude of 11,000 feet. The leaves are large and 3-lobed, and the samaras are borne in stout drooping clusters."

56291. *ACER* sp.

"(No. 6834.) A handsome evergreen maple 70 to 80 feet in height, with a huge crown, found at an altitude of 8,000 feet in the forest between Hpunkaw and Mengka, one and a half days' travel from the Burmese Kachin Hills. The trunk is more than 3 feet in diameter, and the branches descend almost to the ground."

56292. *BENZONIN* sp. *Lauraceae*.
(*Lindera* sp.)

"(Nos. 6723 and 7010. November, 1922.) A tree 35 feet high, with a spreading crown, common around Tengyueh and along the Taping River. The trunk is sometimes a foot or more in diameter, usually smaller; the leathery aromatic leaves are dark green and glossy. From the scarlet 1-seeded fruits, borne in short clusters, is obtained a white oily liquid used to make a yellow wax. This wax is used for burning, for keeping leather soft, and for other household purposes."

56293. *BERBERIS DICTYOPHYLLA* Franch.
Berberidaceae. **Barberry.**

"(No. 6804. October, 1922.) A spiny shrub 6 to 8 feet high, found on alpine meadows of the Likang Snow Range at an altitude of 12,000 feet. It is very ornamental, with yellow flowers and red fruits."

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 55718.

56294. *BUDDLEIA FORRESTII* Diels. *Loganiaceae*.

"(No. 6816. October, 1922.) A very attractive shrub found only in limestone soil on the Likang Snow Range at an altitude of 10,000 feet. It has white woolly leaves and spikes of lavender-blue flowers."

56288 to 56386—Continued.

56295. *BUXUS* sp. *Buxaceae*. **Box.**

"(No. 6793. October, 1922.) A very handsome shrub about 5 feet high, which grows among limestone boulders on the Likang Snow Range at an altitude of 11,000 feet. The small elliptical leaves are bright green."

56296 to 56300. *CASTANOPSIS* spp. *Fagaceae*.
Chestnut.

56296. *CASTANOPSIS* sp.

"(No. 6751. October, 1922.) A tall tree 70 to 80 feet in height, found on the slopes of the Likang Snow Range at an altitude of 10,000 feet. The thick leathery leaves are silvery beneath, and the small edible nuts are sweet."

56297. *CASTANOPSIS DELAVAYI* Franch.

"(No. 6768. November 30, 1922.) One of the finest and largest species of *Castanopsis* in Yunnan; it reaches 80 feet in height, with trunks 2 to 3 feet in diameter, and is found on the summit ridge of the Shweli-Salwin Divide at an altitude of 8,000 feet. It is a fine timber tree, free from disease. The small brown nuts are edible and sweet."

56298. *CASTANOPSIS* sp.

"(No. 6819. November 30, 1922.) A tree 50 to 80 feet high, with a trunk 4 feet in diameter, found on the Salwin Ridge at an altitude of 8,000 feet. The dark-green elliptical leaves are brown beneath, and the small black nuts are edible and sweet."

56299. *CASTANOPSIS* sp.

"(No. 7006. Kuyung. November, 1922.) A tree 40 to 50 feet in height, with a trunk 1 to 2 feet in diameter, which grows in the mountains north of Tengyueh at altitudes of 7,000 to 8,000 feet. The broad oval leaves are pointed, with the upper half toothed, and the spines on the burs are arranged in concentric rings. The small nuts are edible and sweet."

56300. *CASTANOPSIS* sp.

"(No. 7007. Kuyung. November, 1922.) A tree 60 to 80 feet high, with a high trunk 2 to 3 feet in diameter, found in the mountains north of Tengyueh at altitudes of 7,000 to 8,000 feet. The small elliptical dark-green leaves are thick and leathery, and the burs, an inch in diameter, are covered with branched spines. Each bur contains two or three brown, pubescent, sweet edible nuts."

56301 and 56302. *CORNUS CAPITATA* Wall.
Cornaceae. **Bentham's cornel.**

"A tree 30 feet high, with a trunk a foot or more in diameter, or at times shrubby. The fruits, about 2 inches in diameter, are strawberrylike in shape and color and have sweet yellow edible flesh. They are very popular with the natives and are often sold in the markets."

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. 56085.

56301. "(No. 6791. October, 1922.) From the lower slopes of the Likang Snow Range at an altitude of 9,000 feet."

56302. "(No. 7008. Kuyung. November, 1922.) From the mountains north of Tengyueh at an altitude of 7,000 feet."

56303 and 56304. *COTONEASTER* spp. *Mala-ceae*.

56303. *COTONEASTER* sp.

"(No. 6742. November 29, 1922.) A stiff, erect, very ornamental shrub 3 to 4