

55751 to 55753—Continued.55751 and 55752. *LILIUM* spp. Liliaceæ.

Lily.

55751. *LILIUM* sp.

“(July, 1922.) A tall plant with purplish white flowers borne in twos or threes; collected in the mountains.”

55752. *LILIUM* sp.

“(No. 5054. July 12, 1922.) A rather rare species with pink flowers speckled with purple, found in the mountains at an altitude of 12,000 feet.”

55753. (Undetermined.)

“(No. 5053. July, 1922.) Tubers collected in the mountains.”

55754. HYPERICUM CANARIENSE L. Hypericaceæ.

From Nice, France. Seeds presented by Dr. A. Robertson Proschowsky. Received September 15, 1922.

“A small graceful tree with drooping branches, which will grow on the driest and poorest of soils. The wood is the strongest I have ever seen: it is almost impossible to drive a nail into it. The boys here use its thin straight stems as net handles, all other kinds of wood breaking under the strain of pushing the net through the water. I should think that such remarkably strong wood which can be produced on such poor soil would have a practical value.” (*Proschowsky.*)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 47581.

55755. RUBUS sp. Rosaceæ.**Blackberry.**

From San Jose, Costa Rica. Seeds collected by Edward Goucher, Plant Propagator, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received September 14, 1922.

“The fruits of this species of *Rubus* were collected at Paraiso, near San Jose, Costa Rica. The plants grew along the roadside and were from 6 to 8 feet in height. The fruits, which were produced in abundance, were about 1 inch in length and very firm in texture, but of poor flavor.” (*Goucher.*)

55756 to 55761.

From Yunnan, China. Collected by J. F. Rock, Agricultural Explorer of the United States Department of Agriculture. Received September 11, 1922. Quoted notes by Mr. Rock.

55756. *LILIUM* sp. Liliaceæ.

Lily.

“(No. 4931. Likiang. July 7, 1922.) Bulbs of a beautiful lily with thick, oval, alternate leaves which are far apart. The single terminal flower has rich pink reflexed petals spotted with dark purple. This rare plant grows on the edge of pine forests of the Likiang Snow Range at an altitude of 12,000 feet. This may be only a variety of *Lilium duchartrei*, but it is a decidedly handsome plant.”

55757 to 55761. *PRUNUS* spp. Amygdalaceæ.

Seeds of the following wild cherries and plums:

55757. *PRUNUS* sp.**Cherry.**

“(Likiang. July 6, 1922.) A smaller tree than the following [No. 4858, S. P. I. No. 55758]; the fruits also are smaller, globose, and dark red. It grows in the Likiang Snow Range at an altitude of 12,000 feet. The tree is apparently free from any disease.”

55758. *PRUNUS* sp.**Cherry.**

“(No. 4858. Likiang. July 6, 1922.) A fine looking cherry tree, 35 to 40 feet in height, which grows at an altitude of 12,000 feet among limestone boulders on the edge of alpine meadows on the