

52690 to 52700—Continued.

made into flyflaps by the inhabitants of the country where it grows wild. The shoots are much tougher than those of any of our cultivated osiers and are better suited to be used for tying. The hard, dull-brown wood is streaked with red and is well adapted for veneering. (Adapted from *Edwards's Botanical Register*, vol. 12, p. 1021.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 42232.

52699. CARAGANA SIBIRICA Medic.

A Siberian species of the ornamental Caraganas, shrubs grown chiefly for their bright-yellow flowers. The leaves are abruptly pinnate, with small entire leaflets. The pods are terete, linear, and straight.

52700. CARAGANA sp.

An unidentified form.

52701. LITCHI CHINENSIS Sonner. Sapindaceæ. Lychee.

(*Nephelium litchi* Cambess.)

From Zarfarwal, Punjab, India. Seeds presented by H. S. Nesbitt, American United Presbyterian Mission. Received January 25, 1921.

"This is counted a delicious fruit here, and the barky shell inclosing the sweet juicy pulp makes it easily transportable." (*Nesbit.*)

For previous introduction and description, see S. P. I. No. 51472.

52702 to 52714.

From Paris, France. Cuttings presented by Vilmorin-Andrieux & Co. Received February 21, 1921.

52702. CORNUS WALTERI Wangerin. Cornaceæ.

A tree 40 feet high, with white flowers and blue-black fruits, growing in woodlands at 900 to 2,000 feet altitude in western Hupeh, China. (Adapted from *Sargent, Plantae Wilsonianae*, vol. 2, p. 576.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 34566.

52703. HYDRANGEA sp. Hydrangeaceæ.

Received without description.

52704. LONICERA sp. Caprifoliaceæ.

Received without notes.

52705. × POPULUS RASUMOWSKIANA Schroed. Salicaceæ. Poplar.

A hybrid between *Populus nigra* and *P. suaveolens*. It is a large tree with roundish leaves smaller than in *P. petrovskoe*. The shoots are cylindrical. (Adapted from *Gardeners' Chronicle*, 3d ser., vol. 18, p. 108.)

52706. RIBES CYNOSBATI L. Grossulariaceæ. Gooseberry.

A shrub about 6 feet high, native to eastern North America, with reddish purple fruits, scarcely half an inch in diameter and more or less covered with slender prickles. (Adapted from *Jacquin, Hortus Botanicus Vindobonensis, seu Plantarum Rariorum*, pl. 123.)

52707. RIBES LONGERACEMOSUM Franch. Grossulariaceæ. Currant.

"This species, found in the mountains of western China, bears large black fruits of good flavor in racemes a foot and a half long." (*E. H. Wilson, A Naturalist in Western China*, vol. 2, p. 31.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 51617.