

50102 to 50206—Continued.

50167 and 50168. PARINARI MOBOLA Oliver. Rosaceæ.

A very handsome tree, 20 to 40 feet high, native to Angola, with dense evergreen foliage, and very ornamental because of the leaves being deep green above with snow-white lower surfaces. The wood is used for the manufacture of furniture and for building, and the elliptic-ovoid fruits, about the size of a hen's egg, are edible, the pulp resembling a mixture of honey and meal in flavor and texture. (Adapted from *Hiern, Catalogue of Welwitsch's African Plants, p. 320.*)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 32395.

50167. "*Mupundu*. Elizabethville, Belgian Kongo."

50168. "*Momvula* or *macacata*. A dark-leaved evergreen tree which grows in Angola and Manicaland, Rhodesia. It bears good edible fruit much relished by the natives. It also makes a good shade tree."

50169 and 50170. PHASEOLUS ACUTIFOLIUS LATIFOLIUS G. F. Freeman.
Fabaceæ. Tepary bean.

50169. "Small white haricot beans. Vereeniging, Transvaal."

50170. "Small white haricot beans grown at Burttholm, Vereeniging, Transvaal."

50171. PHASEOLUS AUREUS Roxb. Fabaceæ. Mung bean.

"Grown successfully at Burttholm, Vereeniging, Transvaal. Seed obtained at a local agricultural show."

50172 and 50173. PHASEOLUS VULGARIS L. Fabaceæ. Common bean.

50172. "Amersfoort Show, March, 1917. Small haricot."

50173. "Small white haricot of the Transvaal."

50174. PHORMIUM TENAX Forst. Liliaceæ. New Zealand flax.

"From Kenneth Austin. A fiber plant from California, U. S. A."

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 47572.

50175. PHYSALIS sp. Solanaceæ.

"Much used in making jam in the Transvaal. This is not the ordinary *Physalis peruviana*, or Cape gooseberry."

50176. PISUM SATIVUM L. Fabaceæ. Garden pea.

"Peas from the Amersfoort Show, March, 1917."

50177. PSEUDOLACHNOSTYLIS sp. Euphorbiaceæ.

"*Mutatye*."

50178. PTEROCARPUS ANGOLENSIS DC. Fabaceæ.

"(No. 242/19.) From the Matoppos, Matabeleland. A timber tree valuable for furniture."

An unarmed tree, native to the western part of central Africa. It has alternate, unequally pinnate leaves, axillary or terminal racemes of flowers, and flat one-seeded, almost round pods. The reddish wood is used in dyeing, and the bark contains a large quantity of tannin. (Adapted from *De Lanessan, Plantes Utiles des Colonies Françaises, p. 799.*)

50179. PTEROCARPUS SERICEUS Benth. Fabaceæ.

"(No. 246/19.) From the Matoppos, Matabeleland."

An unarmed tree, native to South Africa, with alternate, unequally pinnate leaves shining silky beneath or on both sides and oval-roundish pods about 1½ inches long. (Adapted from *Harvey and Sonder, Flora Capensis, vol. 2, p. 264.*)