

49854 to 49857—Continued.

49855. *EUCALYPTUS* sp. Myrtaceæ.

"*Flooded gum*. This species likes plenty of moisture, but grows on poor soil. It grows very straight and is the largest eucalyptus which grows on this table-land."

49856. *EUCALYPTUS TERETICORNIS* J. E. Smith. Myrtaceæ.

"This must be fairly hardy, as we get rather hard frost here at night in winter. The most noticeable feature in the habit of *Eucalyptus tereticornis* is that of flowering in the winter; last winter the trees began flowering at the end of May and trees were in flower until the end of September."

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 38728.

49857. *PHASEOLUS AUREUS* Roxb. Fabaceæ.

Mung bean.

"Green Chinese variety."

49858. *TRICHOSANTHES QUINQUANGULATA* A. Gray. Cucurbitaceæ.

From Littleriver, Fla. Seeds presented by J. J. Soar, Littleriver Nurseries, through Dr. David Fairchild. Received April 7, 1920.

"These seeds were given to me by Mr. Soar, who says that the plant came from the Philippines. It is the showiest gourd I have ever seen, being a bright red, redder than the reddest apple. As a decorative plant it should be very valuable, and the fruits would make the prettiest kind of decorations for Christmas trees." (Fairchild.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 43266.

49859 to 49860.

From Melbourne, Victoria. Seeds presented by F. H. Baker. Received April 7, 1920.

49859. *DORYANTHES PALMERI* W. Hill. Amaryllidaceæ.

A gigantic showy amaryllid with very numerous ribbed leaves 6 to 8 feet long and 4 to 6 inches wide. The stem or scape is 8 to 10 feet high and bears a compact inflorescence 3 feet long, composed of short, few-flowered spikes. The scarlet perianth segments are pale red within. Native to New South Wales. (Adapted from *Curtis's Botanical Magazine*, pl. 6665.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 23433.

49860. *EUCALYPTUS ALPINA* Lindl. Myrtaceæ.

A rare, slow-growing, shrubby eucalypt with stout branches, thick, oval, or roundish shining dark-green leaves, and rather large almost hemispherical fruits. It is restricted in distribution to the summit of Mount William, Western Australia, at an altitude of over 4,000 feet. It endures quite a cold climate and braves sharp frosts and snowstorms several months in the year. (Adapted from *Mueller, Eucalyptographia*, vol. 2, p. 1.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 38709.

49861. *ANANAS SATIVUS* Schult. f. Bromeliaceæ. Pineapple.

From the City of Mexico, Mexico. Suckers presented by the Dirección de Agricultura. Received April 8, 1920.

Guatemala Spineless White.

"This variety has a number of points which would commend it for our use; it is spineless, ripens early, has a delicious flavor, and is apparently a good shipper." (P. H. Rolfs.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 14452.