

## 43810 to 43925—Continued.

aspect of the common larch, and, according to Mr. E. H. Wilson, yields the most valuable timber in China. (Adapted from *Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles*, vol. 2, p. 9.)

**43852.** *LIGUSTRUM ACUTISSIMUM* Koehne. Oleaceæ. Privet.

Seeds of this plant were introduced under S. P. I. No. 43694.

**43853.** *LIGUSTRUM QUIHOU* Carr. Oleaceæ. Privet.

A small or medium-sized privet, native of Shensi, China, found growing in rocky banks. The masses of small black berries contrast well with the evergreen foliage. (Adapted from a note of *Frank N. Meyer*, dated July 10, 1914.)

See also S. P. I. No. 38807 for further description.

**43854.** *LONICERA CHAMISSOI* Bunge. Caprifoliaceæ. Honeysuckle.

An upright shrub up to 1 meter tall. The branchlets are smooth; the leaves are oval to ovate, rounded at both ends, seldom pointed, distinctly veined. The corolla is smooth, deep violet, and about 12 mm. long; the red berries are profusely produced. (Adapted from *Schneider, Illustriertes Handbuch der Laubholzkunde*, vol. 2, p. 713.)

**43855.** *LONICERA RAMOSISSIMA* Franch. and Savat. Caprifoliaceæ. Honeysuckle.

A very handsome Japanese honeysuckle with oval, hairy leaves up to an inch in length and long-stemmed yellowish flowers. The fruits are scarlet and give the plant a striking appearance. (Adapted from *Bailey, Standard Cyclopaedia of Horticulture*, vol. 4, p. 1914.)

**43856.** *LONICERA TRICHOSANTHA* Bur. and Franch. Caprifoliaceæ. Honeysuckle.

A deciduous bush, reaching a height of 8 feet, with oval, dull-gray leaves. The flowers are pale yellow, and the berries are red. It is a native of Szechwan, China. (Adapted from *Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles*, vol. 2, p. 59.)

See also S. P. I. No. 40185 for further description.

**43857.** *MALUS ARNOLDIANA* Rehder. Malaceæ. Crab apple.

Seeds of this plant were introduced under S. P. I. No. 43700.

**43858.** *MALUS SARGENTI* Rehder. Malaceæ.

A bushy shrub from 3 to 5 feet high, with oval leaves up to 3 inches in length. The pure white flowers are an inch wide, and the fruit is bright red. It is a native of Japan. (Adapted from *Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles*, vol. 2, p. 293.)

See also S. P. I. No. 41572 for further description.

**43859.** *MORUS ACIDOSA* Griffith. Moraceæ. Mulberry.

Usually a broad shrub from 3 to 16 feet high, found in Hupeh and Szechwan, China, but occasionally it forms a tree up to 25 feet in height. The leaves are variable in size and shape and are not used for feeding silkworms. The fruits when ripe are shining black or dark red and are palatable. A native name is *Ai-sang*. (Adapted from *Sargent, Plantae Wilsonianae*, vol. 3, p. 300.)

**43860.** *PHILADELPHUS SATSUMANUS* Siebold. Hydrangeaceæ.

An erect, Japanese shrub, from 6 to 8 feet high, with oval, long-pointed leaves up to 6 inches in length. The slightly scented flowers are white,