

43703 to 43736—Continued.

in diameter. This rose is very widely spread in Europe and northern Asia and is frequently found in England on dry hills near the sea. (Adapted from *Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles, vol. 2, p. 445.*)

43725. *ROSA SPINOSISSIMA* L. Rosaceæ.

Scotch rose.

Var. *fulgens* Bean.

A dwarf bush, from 3 to 4 feet high, with erect short-branched stems. The leaves are composed of five, seven, or nine round or oval leaflets, which are dark green and quite smooth. The bright rose-colored solitary flowers are from 1½ to 2 inches wide, and the globose fruit is dark brown, finally blackish. This rose is widely spread in Europe and northern Asia. The typical species has white or pale-pink flowers. (Adapted from *Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles, vol. 2, pp. 445, 446.*)

43726. *ROSA VILLOSA* L. Rosaceæ.

Rose.

(*R. pomifera* Herrmann.)

Var. *multiplcx*.

A short-branched, stout rose from 4 to 6 feet high, with scattered, slender, broad-based prickles up to half an inch long and leaves up to 7 inches in length. The deep rosy pink flowers are from 1½ to 2½ inches wide, produced in clusters of three to six or more, and the pear-shaped or roundish rich-red fruits are from 1 to 1½ inches long, bristly, and surmounted by the erect sepals. This rose is a native of central Europe. (Adapted from *Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles, vol. 2, p. 439.*)

43727. *SORBARIA ARBOREA* C. Schneid. Rosaceæ.

A tree, from 10 to 35 feet high, with the young twigs olive gray. The leaves are lance shaped or more often oblong, with the lower surfaces more or less hairy and the margin serrate. The white flowers are about one-fourth of an inch wide, and the fruit is probably one-sixteenth of an inch in diameter. (Adapted from *Schneider, Illustriertes Handbuch der Laubholzkunde, vol. 1, p. 490*, and from *Sargent, Plantae Wilsonianae, vol. 1, pp. 47, 48.*)

43728. *SORBUS COMMIXTA* Hedl. Malaceæ.

A shrub or tree, native of central and northern Japan, with bright-green, serrate, very variable leaves, usually composed of five to six pairs of glabrous leaflets. The white flowers occur in terminal corymbs, and the bright red, nearly globular fruits are about one-fourth of an inch in diameter. (Adapted from *Schneider, Illustriertes Handbuch der Laubholzkunde, vol. 1, pp. 677, 678.*)

43729. *SYRINGA JAPONICA* (Maxim.) Decaisne. Oleaceæ.

Lilac.

A deciduous tree or shrub up to 30 feet in height, of erect habit. The oval leaves are from 3 to 8 inches long, with a long tapering point, and the white flowers, which are not fragrant, are usually produced at the end of the branch in a pair of broad pyramidal panicles, 8 to 12 inches long. This tree or shrub is a native of Japan. (Adapted from *Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles, vol. 2, pp. 567, 568.*)