

38781 to 38844—Continued. (Quoted notes by Mr. F. N. Meyer.)**38830.** SYRINGA VILLOSA Vahl.

Lilac.

“(No. 2103a. Tahuashan, Shensi, China. December 29, 1913.) A small lilac of very sturdy growth, found in rocky cliffs at altitudes of 4,000 to 6,000 feet. Of value as a garden and park shrub for the northern sections of the United States.”

38831. THUJA ORIENTALIS L. Pinaceæ.

Arbor vitæ.

“(No. 2104a. Mountain near Nantotchu, Shensi, China. January 21, 1914.) The ordinary oriental arbor vitæ, collected from specimens found growing on exposed rocky places. For trial in sections north of the present limits of this tree. Also to be tested in very dry localities. Chinese name *Mien po*, meaning ‘soft conifer.’”

38832. KOLKOWITZIA AMABILIS Graebner. Caprifoliaceæ.

“(No. 2105a. Tahuashan, Shensi, China. December 29, 1913.) A shrub, growing from 4 to 6 feet in height, found on rocky places, bearing small, spiny fruits. See S. P. I. No. 37480 for previous introduction.”

38833 to 38835. EUONYMUS spp. Celastraceæ.

From Tahuashan, Shensi, China. Collected December 29, 1913.

38833. “(No. 2106a.) A shrubby cardinal’s-cap having long, thin branches, bearing small fruits, hanging down on long peduncles. Found in between boulders and rocks.”

38834. “(No. 2107a.) A shrubby cardinal’s-cap of more robust growth than S. P. I. No. 38833, also having larger fruits. Found as undergrowth beneath tall trees on rocky places.”

38835. “(No. 2108a.) A cardinal’s-cap having large, fleshy fruits; grows into a medium-sized shrub; found on somewhat shady places.”

38836. CELASTRUS ANGULATUS Maxim. Celastraceæ.

Bittersweet.

“(No. 2109a. Tahuashan, Shensi, China. December 30, 1913.) A species of bittersweet of semitrailing, shrubby growth, found on partly shaded places in between scrub. Quite ornamental when covered with its masses of yellow capsules, out of which peep the scarlet-orange coated seeds.”

38837. PAEDERIA FOETIDA L. Rubiaceæ.

“(No. 2110a. Mountains near Nantotchu, Shensi, China. January 21, 1914.) A slender, semiwoody climber, found on rocky mountain slopes in between tall scrub; bears bunches of yellowish berries.”

38838. COCCULUS sp. Menispermaceæ.

“(No. 2111a. Mountains near Nantotchu, Shensi, China. January 21, 1914.) A trailing herbaceous vine, bearing bluish berries; found on open stony places.”

38839. OPHIOPOGON JAPONICUS (L. f.) Ker-Gawler. Liliaceæ.

“(No. 2113a. Mountains near Nantotchu, Shensi, China. January 21, 1914.) An Ophiopogon, with long, slender leaves, remaining green all winter. Bears long spikes of black berries. Found on mountain slopes of decomposed rock between low scrub. Of value as an edging plant along pathways and as a ground cover in shady places for the mild-wintered sections of the United States.”