

38752 to 38755—Continued. (Quoted notes by Mr. H. G. Carter.)

38754. "(No. 36249, Burma, India.) *Nakerijea*. From the deputy commissioner, Akyab, Burma Province."

38755. "(No. 36319, Hyderabad, India.) *Kamod*. From Hyderabad, Hyderabad Province."

38756. *COLOCASIA ESCULENTA* (L.) Schott. Araceæ. **Taro.**

From Honolulu, Hawaii. Presented by Mr. Gerrit P. Wilder, through Mr. Chester J. Hunn, assistant horticulturist, Hawaii Experiment Station. Received July 6, 1914.

Kai koi o Ewa.

38757. *PSIDIUM CATTLEIANUM* Sabine. Myrtaceæ. **Guava.**

From Santa Barbara, Cal. Presented by Mr. G. P. Rixford, San Francisco, Cal. Received at the Plant Introduction Field Station, Chico, Cal.

Var. *lucidum* Hort.

"Seed of a yellow guava, supposed to be a little hardier than the ordinary form." (*R. L. Beagles.*)

38758 and 38759.

From Kew, England. Presented by the director, Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, England.

38758. *ACACIA RETINODES* Schlecht. Mimosaceæ. **Wirilda.**

This everflowering acacia is a native of Victoria and South Australia, where it grows along the river banks. It does well in moist places, but never grows beyond the size of a small tree, usually attaining a height of 20 to 25 feet. The wood is prettily grained, tough, and durable; furnishes a good gum arabic. (Adapted from *Maiden, Useful Native Plants of Australia*, and *Mueller, Select Extra-Tropical Plants.*)

38759. *ESCALLONIA PTEROCLADON* Hooker. Escalloniaceæ.

"A small, decidedly hardy, much-branched shrub, native of western Patagonia, 4 or 5 feet high, with spreading branches. It is a bushy plant with leaves like a small-leaved myrtle and abundant, very pretty, Epacrislike, fragrant flowers, white, tinged with red. The old wood is clothed with loose, cracked papyraceous bark and the branches are straight, rigid, singularly angled, and winged with vertical alæ (wings) which are sinuate and downy or fringed at the edge." (*Curtis's Botanical Magazine*, pl. 4827.)

38760. *COTONEASTER FRIGIDA* Wall. Malaceæ.

From Los Angeles, Cal. Seed collected by Mr. P. H. Dorsett, of the Bureau of Plant Industry, at Mr. Huntington's place, Los Angeles, Cal., November 11, 1911. Received at the Plant Introduction Field Station, Chico, Cal.

"A large, rounded, deciduous shrub, 15 to 20 feet high, or a small tree; branchlets at first covered with pale down, becoming smooth. Leaves 3 to 5 inches long, 1 to 2 inches wide, narrowly oval or obovate, deep dull green and smooth above, pale and very woolly beneath when young, becoming almost smooth by autumn. Flowers white, one-third of an inch across, produced very numerous in flattish corymbs 2 inches or more across, terminating in short,