

## 38372 to 38398—Continued. (Quoted notes by Mr. H. H. Boyle.)

38372. *CANARIUM OVATUM* Engler. Balsameaceæ. **Pili nut.**

"Trees are found growing in the various islands of southern Luzon, in the Province of Albay. The leaves are compound; the fruit is a triangular drupe, containing one seed. The nuts are eaten quite extensively in the islands and throughout the eastern part of the world. From them an oil is extracted, which is used for the table and also for burning in lamps. This nut is the best I have ever eaten. During the past two years quite a number of shipments of this nut have been made to San Francisco and find a ready market. A gum, that resembles in properties the copaiba balsam, is extracted from the bark."

38373. *PASSIFLORA LAURIFOLIA* L. Passifloraceæ. **Passion fruit.**

"An edible variety obtained from Mr. P. Morange, director of the Botanic Gardens, Saigon, Cochin China. The fruit is of a bright yellow color, pear shaped, about the size of the ordinary pear tomato, and very similar to it in appearance. A bitter substance, which is being employed to counteract intermittent fever, is extracted from the leaves."

38374. *EUPHORIA CINEREA* Radlk. Sapindaceæ.

"Undoubtedly a new species, closely allied to the *longan*, found in the mountains of Cavite Province near the town of Silang, Philippine Islands. The trees are 1½ feet in caliper, and from 50 to 60 feet in height. The fruit has a remarkably sweet flavor; the pulp is semitransparent, and is greatly prized by all who eat it."

38375. *EUGENIA CURBANII* C. B. Robinson. Myrtaceæ.

"Native of the island of Catanduanes, Philippine Islands. Fruits the size of a large cherry, glossy, purplish black in color, borne on the stem near the axil of the leaf in very large clusters. As many as a gallon of fruits have been noted attached to a branch 1½ feet in length. Native name *Egot*, *Igot*, or *Igut*."

38376. *CARISSA OVATA* R. Brown. Apocynaceæ.

"A species introduced from the Botanic Gardens, Sydney, Australia. Spines and foliage much reduced in comparison with the species *arduina*. This variety has not yet fruited or flowered in the Philippines. Greatly valued in Australia for its fruit, as well as its medicinal properties."

38377. *ARTOCARPUS ODOBATISSIMA* Blanco. Moraceæ. **Marang.**

See S. P. I. No. 36256 for previous introduction and description.

38378. *STADMANNIA OPPOSITIFOLIA* Lam. Sapindaceæ.

"No. 4255."

38379 to 38381. *MANGIFERA INDICA* L. Anacardiaceæ. **Mango.**

"Three of the best fruiting varieties grown in the Buitenzorg Botanic Gardens, Java. These were received at the Bureau of Agriculture, Philippine Islands, without varietal names."

38379. P. I. No. 3651.

38381. P. I. No. 3649.

38380. P. I. No. 3650.

38382. *MANGIFERA* sp. Anacardiaceæ. **Mango.**

"(No. 3123.) Obtained from the northern part of the island of Palawan by Mr. E. D. Merrill, botanist, Bureau of Science, Philippine Islands. Remarkable for its small seeds and the small amount of fiber. Tree of very large size."