

37395 to 37404—Contd. (Quoted notes by Rev. W. C. Swearer.)

- 37399.** "No. 5. *Black-Eyed* bean. Small, yellowish, green bean, with black eye. Can be sown in drills; beans 2 or 3 inches apart. The Koreans take these beans after they are dried and place them in water in the house and eat them after they have sprouted, sprout and all, as a vegetable."
- 37400.** "No. 6. *Rat's-Eye* bean. Small, round, black bean. Sown the last part of April, in hills several inches apart, they grow 1 foot high. There are four or five beans in a pod. The people sometimes eat them raw, claiming that they have medicinal properties. Usually they are sprouted and eaten as a vegetable."
- 37401.** "No. 7. *Black Chestnut* bean. Round, flat, black bean. Sown either in April or in June, they are fed to animals or are eaten. This bean is much smaller than usual, owing to the fact that last summer there was very little rain."
- 37402.** "No. 8. *Castor-Oil* bean. So named because the Koreans think it resembles the bean of that plant. Black, with the skin cracked and white streaks showing through. This is also a favorite with the Koreans, both for animal food and for man. This bean is much smaller than usual, owing to the fact that last summer there was very little rain."
- 37403.** "No. 9. *Large Black-Green* bean. Round, dark-green and black. Sown in the middle of May. Cultivation similar to that of the *Date bean* [S. P. I. No. 37396]. This bean is much smaller than usual, on account of lack of rain the past summer."
- 37404.** "No. 10. *Pheasant-Leg* bean. So named because the marking on it resembles those on the leg of a Mongolian pheasant. Small, round, brown bean. Sown the last part of May, not too close together. People eat them usually after they have sprouted them in the house."

37405. AVENA STERILIS L.**Oat.**

From Algiers, Algeria. Presented by Dr. L. Trabut, Government Botanic Service. Received March 5, 1914, as *A. sterilis segetalis* forma *nigra* Trabut.

For a full discussion of these interesting Algerian oats, see L. Trabut, *The Origin of Cultivated Oats*, Journal of Heredity, vol. 5, p. 74-85, 1914.

37406 to 37420. TRIFOLIUM PRATENSE L.**Red clover.**

Seed from individual selections grown at the Indiana Agricultural Experiment Station, La Fayette, Ind., in the clover nursery; seeded in the spring of 1912, the seed being gathered in the fall of 1913. Selections were made for hardiness, drought resistance, and desirable forage and seed habits.

37406. Riga, Russia, red clover grown from S. P. I. No. 18394, plant 5; total seed yield of plant, 1.75 grams.

37407. Riga, Russia, *Jelctz* red clover, grown from S. P. I. No. 18511, plant 12; total seed yield of plant, 1.5 grams.

37408. Old Swedish red clover, grown from S. P. I. No. 20468, plant 7; total seed yield of plant, 1 gram.