

32429 to 32455—Continued.

32430. RYTLIX GRANULARIS (L.) Skeels.

(*Cenchrus granularis* L., 1771, Mantissa Plantarum, p. 575.)

The seeds of this grass were received under the name *Manisuris granularis* Swartz, 1778 (Nova Genera et Species Plantarum, p. 25), which is based on *Cenchrus granularis* L. However, Linnæus had published in 1771 (Mantissa Plantarum, pp. 164, 300) the generic name *Manisuris* with one species *M. myurus*, which is not now considered to be congeneric with *Cenchrus granularis* L., thus invalidating the use of the generic name *Manisuris* for the latter species. This fact was recognized by Kuntze, who proposed for *Cenchrus granularis* L. the name *Hackelochloa* (Revisio Generum Plantarum, 1891, pt. 2, p. 776). However, in 1830, Seringe (Bulletin Botanique, vol. 1, p. 219) had published the generic name *Rytilix*, citing "*Manisuris granularis* et *myurus* Auct." and listing one species, *R. glandulosa*. While there is no description, the facts that *M. granularis* was cited first, that the name *R. glandulosa* is proposed and that "*glandulosa*" and "*granularis*" are considered to refer to the same plant characteristic, lead one to consider *Manisuris granularis* to be the type of the genus *Rytilix*.

From Kirki.

"(No. 142, October 14, 1911.) An annual grass that may be valuable after the manner of crab-grass."

Distribution.—Found throughout the tropical region of India and is generally distributed in the Tropics of both hemispheres.

32431. INDIGOFERA LINIFOLIA (L. f.) Retzius.

From Kirki.

"(No. 143, October 14, 1911.) Said to be one of the best pasture legumes in India."

Distribution.—Throughout India from the Himalayas to Ceylon; also in Abyssinia, Afghanistan, the Malay Archipelago, and northern Australia.

32432. ALYSICARPUS LONGIFOLIUS (Rottl.) Wight and Arn.

From Kirki.

"(No. 144, October 14, 1911.) A tall, erect species being tested for hay at Kirki."

Distribution.—Throughout the plains of British India.

32433. SYNTERISMA SANGUINALIS (L.) Dulac.

From Kirki.

"(No. 145, October 14, 1911.) Similar to our common crab-grass."

32434. CROTALARIA ORIXENSIS Willd.

From Kirki.

"(No. 146, October 14, 1911.) A creeping species abundant in sorghum, etc., at Kirki. The green pods are eaten by boys."

Distribution.—Throughout the plains of India and in Abyssinia.

32435. MNESITHEA EXALTATA (L.) Skeels.

(*Aegilops exaltata* L., 1771, Mantissa Plantarum, p. 575.)

(*Ophiuros corymbosa* Gaertner f. 1805, Fructibus et Seminibus Plantarum, vol. 3, p. 3, pl. 181.)

The seeds of this grass were received under the name *Ophiuros corymbosa* (L. f.) Gaertn. f. In publishing the genus *Ophiuros*, Gaertner cited Rott-