

**28690—Continued.**

forests are subject to heavy mist and fog, with the result that the undergrowth never dies and is always very moist. The rains fall in the hot months, October to April, and herein will lie your chief difficulty in establishing the tree in the Northern Hemisphere. In the south of England it is grown with difficulty, as it makes its new growth in the same months as at Mlanje, with the result that it does not ripen off before the advent of frosts. At elevations of 3,000 feet in Nyasaland, where the conditions of climate are more xerophytic, it makes a nice ornamental tree, but it begins to die out suddenly after 10 or 12 years. It seems to thrive best in its native habitat when it is slightly intermixed with other leaf-shedding trees and evergreens, typical of mountain forests, as the decaying foliage, etc., helps to form a better layer of humus." (*E. W. Davy, acting chief forest officer, Agricultural and Forestry Department, Zomba, Nyasaland Protectorate, Africa.*)

**28691 to 28703. MANGIFERA INDICA L.****Mango.**

From Sheharunpur, India. Purchased from Mr. A. C. Hartless, superintendent, Government Botanic Gardens. Received August 23, 1910.

Seeds of the following:

|                                 |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| <b>28691.</b> <i>Sanduria.</i>  | <b>28698.</b> <i>Sharbati</i> (brown). |
| <b>28692.</b> <i>Singapuri.</i> | <b>28699.</b> <i>Bulbulchasm.</i>      |
| <b>28693.</b> <i>Gopalbhog.</i> | <b>28700.</b> <i>Calcutta Amin.</i>    |
| <b>28694.</b> <i>Ennurea.</i>   | <b>28701.</b> <i>Hathijhal.</i>        |
| <b>28695.</b> <i>Faizan.</i>    | <b>28702.</b> <i>Chickna.</i>          |
| <b>28696.</b> <i>Tamancha.</i>  | <b>28703.</b> <i>Faquirmala.</i>       |
| <b>28697.</b> <i>Sunahra.</i>   |  |

**28704. ROLLINIA sp.**

From Port Louis, Mauritius. Presented by Mr. G. Regnard. Received August 26, 1910.

"Tree 30 feet; leaves 7 inches long; fruit heart shaped, with prominent eyes of a yellowish color when ripe; edible." (*Regnard.*)

**28705 to 28707. SOLANUM spp.****Wild potato.**

From Marseille, France. Presented by Prof. Edouard Heckel, director, Botanic Gardens. Received August 29, 1910.

Tubers of the following:

|  |                                 |
|--|---------------------------------|
| <b>28705 and 28706.</b> SOLANUM MAGLIA Schlecht. |                                 |
| <b>28705.</b> White and violet.                  | <b>28706.</b> Fifth generation. |
| <b>28707.</b> SOLANUM COMMERSONII DUN.           |                                 |
| Half wild.                                       |                                 |

**28708 to 28710.****Willow.**

From Limavida, via Molina, Chile. Presented by Mr. José D. Husbands. Received August 30, 1910.

Cuttings of the following:

**28708.** SALIX VITELLINA L.

"(H. No. 609.) *Yellow Mimbre.* An industrial plant of value, introduced into Chile from Europe by the Spaniards. Grows in waste spots along the edge of canals, creeks, ravines, etc. It is used to make extra strong baskets for holding fruit, potatoes, or corn and for general farm and factory uses; also to tie fences, thatches, etc." (*Husbands.*)