

124695 to 124722—Continued.

124703. *BERBERIS VIRGETORUM* Schneid.  
Berberidaceae.

A shrub up to 5 feet high, with fascicled, oblong-rhomboid leaves 2 to 5 inches long and clusters of several small yellow flowers. Native to Kiangsi Province, central China.

124704. *CELASTRUS GEMMATA* Loes. Celastraceae.

A woody climber up to 18 feet long, with ovate-elliptic leaves 2 to 4 inches long and cymes of large golden-yellow fruits. Native to central and western China.

For previous introduction see 116124.

124705. *EVODIA GLAUCA* Miquel. Rutaceae.

A shrub or medium-sized tree with pinnate leaves and small white flowers. Native to eastern and central China.

124706. *EVODIA OFFICINALIS* Dode. Rutaceae.

A shrub or small tree up to about 15 feet high, with pinnate leaves having 7 to 15 ovate or elliptic-ovate leaflets and corymbs of small greenish-yellow or greenish-white flowers, followed by small red pods containing black seeds. Native to central and western China.

For previous introduction see 116871.

124707. *HOSTA VENTRICOSA* (Salisb.) Stearn. Liliaceae.

A plantain-lily with broad cordate-ovate leaf blades about 10 inches in length and lavender-purple flowers about 2 inches long in elongated racemes on scapes up to 3 feet tall. Native to China.

For previous introduction see 117058.

124708. *ILEX PEDUNCULOSA* Miquel. Aquifoliaceae. Longstalk holly.

An evergreen shrub or small tree up to 30 feet high, native to Japan. The ovate, entire leaves, 1 to 3 inches long, are lustrous green above, and the small flowers, in slender-stemmed cymes, on growth of the current season, are followed by bright-red fruits one-fourth of an inch in diameter, on slender pedicels 1 inch long.

For previous introduction see 102299.

124709 to 124713. *LILIUM* spp. Liliaceae. Lily.

124709. *LILIUM BROWNII* var. *COLCHESTERI* Wilson.

A trumpet-flowered lily, native throughout China from sea level to 5,000 feet altitude, often cultivated for the bulbs, which are considered a table delicacy. The stems are about 3 feet tall, and the fragrant flowers, 4 to 6 inches long, are rosy purple outside, creamy white inside, with the reflexed ends of the segments pure white.

For previous introduction see 99888.

124710. *LILIUM CATHAYANUM* Wilson.

A lily with erect, moderately stout stems 2 to 4 feet high and about 6 shining, dark-green, oblong-ovate stem leaves. The flowers are creamy or greenish white on the outside, reddish-brown striped within, with perianth segments about 5 inches long. Native to the mountains of eastern and central China.

124695 to 124722—Continued.

124711. *LILIUM SARGENTIAE* Wilson. Sargent lily.

This lily, native to western China, has a stout stem 4 to 8 feet high, green tinged with purple, and a hundred or more thickly scattered horizontal leaves 2 to 4 inches long. The fragrant flowers are waxy white inside, tinged with purple yellow near the throat and reddish purple outside.

For previous introduction see 66098.

124712. *LILIUM SPECIOSUM GLORIOSOIDES* Baker.

A variety native to the mountains of central China and differing from the type by its narrower leaves and much reflexed, crisped perianth segments with scarlet rather than crimson spots.

124713. *LILIUM TSINGTAUENSE* Gilg.

A lily of the Pseudolirion group, up to 3 feet high, with scattered and whorled oblong-oblanccolate leaves and 1 to 6 erect, inodorous orange flowers, the segments about 2 inches long. Native to Shantung, China, and Chosen.

For previous introduction see 112857.

124714. *LIRIODENDRON CHINENSE* (Hemsl.) Sargent. Magnoliaceae.

An ornamental deciduous tree up to 50 feet high, native to central China. The leaves, 5 to 6 inches long, have 4 acute or acuminate lobes, rounded or slightly cordate at the base; the tulipike flower is about 2 inches long. This species is somewhat more tender than our native species, *Liriodendron tulipifera*.

For previous introduction see 111362.

124715. *NYSSA SINENSIS* Oliv. Cornaceae.

A deciduous shrub or small tree about 20 feet high, with oblong-elliptic, membranous leaves 4 to 6 inches long, inconspicuous flowers, and ovoid blue fruits about one-half inch long. The leaves become brilliant red in the autumn. It is native to western China.

For previous introduction see 105651.

124716. *REHDERODENDRON MACROCARPUM* Hu. Styracaceae.

A tree about 20 feet high, native to Szechwan Province, China. The papery, reddish-green, oval-elliptic leaves are about 4 inches long, and the racemes of showy white flowers are followed by ribbed, woody, oblong fruits, 2 inches in length.

For previous introduction see 104705.

124717 to 124720. *RHODODENDRON* spp. Ericaceae.

124717. *RHODODENDRON FORTUNEI* Lindl.

A shrub 10 to 12 feet high, native to Chekiang, China. The oblong-elliptic leaves, 3 to 10 inches long, are dark green above and pale glaucous green beneath. The inflorescence is a loosely racemose umbel of 6 to 12 funnel-campanulate, pale-rose flowers 3 to 4 inches across.

For previous introduction see 97393.