

**21033 to 21034.**

From Venice, Italy. Presented by Hon. Paul Nash, American consul, June 7, 1907.

**21033. BRASSICA OLERACEA.****Cabbage.**

"*Kupus*. From Ragusa, Dalmatia. In point of flavor the plant as grown there is very different from the ordinary European varieties, and highly prized by those who have eaten it. It appears that seeds produced in Ragusa have been planted in various parts of Europe, Asia Minor, and Africa, but the cabbages grown from them no longer retain the peculiar flavor of the *Kupus*. This is equally true of regions of the Dalmatian coast comparatively near Ragusa." (*Nash*.)

**21034. LAGENARIA SP. (?)**

Procured from Fratelli Sgaravatti, Saonara, Padova, Italy.

"This is a delicious, slightly sweet vegetable called *Zucca*, resembling in form the cucumber and eaten stewed, fried, or boiled, and served cold as a salad. The flowers of the squash are also used here extensively, and when fried to a crisp are most delightful." (*Nash*.)

**21039. FURCRAEA SP.**

From Nice, France. Presented by Dr. A. Robertson Proschowsky, June 13, 1907.

The same as S. P. I. No. 21473.

**21040 to 21043.**

From Christchurch, New Zealand. Presented by Mr. L. Cockayne, Ollivier's Road, June 13, 1907.

**21040. MYOSOTIDIUM NOBILE.**

"From Chatham Island; collected April, 1907." (*Cockayne*.)

**21041. VERONICA MACROURA.**

Cooks Strait form.

**21042. PITTOSPORUM TENUIFOLIUM.****21043. CASSINIA FULVIDA.**

"Grows on sand dunes." (*Cockayne*.)

**21044. COLEOCOCCUS AMICARUM.****Caroline ivory-nut palm.**

From Ponape, Caroline Islands, Oceanica. Presented by Mr. Wm. S. Lyon, horticulturist, Bureau of Agriculture, Manila, P. I., June 14, 1907.

"A pinnate-leaved palm introduced into Guam from the Caroline Islands. The nuts are of an ivory-like texture and are exported from the Carolines to Germany for button making. The spheroid fruit, about 7 cm. long and 8 cm. in diameter, has a reddish brown, glossy, scaly shell. The surface of the seed is glossy black and thickly striped, but not furrowed. The allied species of the Solomon Islands (*C. solomonensis*) has a straw-colored shell, and that of *C. vitiensis*, of Fiji, which is not used in the arts, is yellow. The inflorescence of this genus has not yet been described. In some of the Solomon Islands the natives prepare sago from the pith of the species growing there. It is said to keep well and not to be injured by salt water, so that it is a valuable food staple to take with them on their canoe voyages." (*Safford's Useful Plants of Guam*.)

**21045. ARAUCARIA IMBRICATA.****Monkey-puzzle.**

From Coronel, Chile. Presented by Mr. Teodoro Finger, June 14, 1907.