

19390 to 19419—Continued.

19416. (Undetermined.)

From Tang-hsi. "(No. 231a, Mar. 1, 1906.) An ornamental, very densely headed, evergreen tree, not growing to large dimensions; leaves are rather small, but glistening green; bears black berries in the spring. The trunk of the tree is exceedingly spiny. It may do as a hedge plant in the mild-wintered regions of the United States." (*Meyer.*)

19417. SOLANUM DULCAMARA.

Nightshade.

From Wei-tsan Mountains, near Peking. "(No. 233a, Nov., 1905.) A climbing, hardy, perennial Solanum, sometimes used as an ornamental vine." (*Meyer.*)

19418. CLERODENDRON BUNGEL.

From Chang-li. "(No. 234a, Nov., 1905.) Black seeds given to me as being of an ornamental shrub." (*Meyer.*)

19419. GLEDITSIA sp.

From near Hanchau. "(No. 235a, Mar. 6, 1906.) A tall-growing tree with wide-spreading branches. May prove to be an ornamental tree." (*Meyer.*)

19420. CITRUS DECUMANA.

Pomelo.

From Manila, P. I. Presented by Mr. W. S. Lyon, of the Bureau of Agriculture, November 19, 1906.

"*Pomelo de China Lukban*, a pomelo of superior quality, though slightly seedy." (*Lyon.*) (See also S. P. I. Nos. 19292 and 19385.)

19421 to 19423.

From Bangkok, Siam. Presented by His Excellency, Phya Akharaj Varadhara, minister of Siam to the United States. Received November 19, 1906.

19421 and 19422. DIOSCOREA sp.

Yam.

Man Sow.

19423. IPOMOEA BATATAS.

Sweet potato.

Man-thes.

"These yams are used by the people of Siam in much the same manner that ordinary potatoes are used in the West, i. e., they are boiled, fried, and roasted. The sprouts are cut off with a little of the body of the yam and planted. From this the new plant develops." (*Edward Loftus, private secretary, Siamese Legation.*)

19425 to 19428.

From northern Korea and Siberia. Received through Mr. F. N. Meyer, agricultural explorer, November 13, 1906.

19425. ZOYSIA PUNGENS.

Korean lawn-grass.

From near Ai-djou, north Korea. "(No. 470a, July 15, 1906.) A perennial grass growing but a few inches high, well adapted for lawn purposes. Needs mowing, in all probability, but once or twice a year and requires very little water. This grass was found in a very dry, exposed situation. Probably a very valuable grass." (*Meyer.*)

19426. ZOYSIA PUNGENS.

Korean lawn-grass.

From the banks of the Yalu, northern Korea. "(No. 471a, July 27, 1906.) The same grass as No. 470a (S. P. I. No. 19425), but from a moister locality. There were donkeys continually browsing upon this grass and considerable walking over it, but it was one green velvet turf, and as such will be excellent for golf links, lawns, etc." (*Meyer.*)