

116897 to 116964—Continued.

116934 and 116935. *LAGENARIA LEUCANTHA* (Duchesne) Rusby. Cucurbitaceae.
Calabash gourd.

Small gourds are used as containers for small dry objects and liquids.

116934. No. 857. *Kadusrat*.

116935. No. 894. *Kadu nasair*.

116936. *LUFFA ACUTANGULA* (L.) Roxb. Cucurbitaceae. Singkwa towelgourd.

No. 861. *Turi*. Probably like the Indian races. Used as a vegetable.

116937. *LYCOPERSICON ESCULENTUM* Mill. Solanaceae. Tomato.

No. 875. *Banjan rawi*.

116938. *MEDICAGO SATIVA* L. Fabaceae. Alfalfa.

No. 882. *Rishka*. One of the common fodder plants of this region.

116939. *MOMORDICA CHARANTIA* L. Cucurbitaceae. Balsam-pear.

No. 868. *Karela*.

116940. *MORUS ALBA* L. Moraceae. White mulberry.

No. 817. *Shahbut*. From Peshawar, North West Frontier Province, India, May 5, 1936. Fruit whitish, 1½ inches long by one-fourth of an inch in diameter, sweet and with an odor of peaches.

116941. *MORUS* sp. Moraceae.

No. 818. From Peshawar, North West Frontier Province, May 5, 1936. Sold in the bazar dried; said to have come from Afghanistan. The dried fruits are sweet and are a good substitute for raisins.

116942. *NARCISSUS* sp. Amaryllidaceae.

No. 846. From Peshawar, North West Frontier Province, May 9, 1936. Bulbs presented by the Government Gardens.

116943. *PAPAVER* sp. Papaveraceae.

No. 838. From Parachinar, Kurram Agency, North West Frontier Province, India. An herb 18 inches high with attractive red flowers; found in fields and on dry plains.

116944. *PISUM SATIVUM* L. Fabaceae. Pea.

No. 847. *Mashang*.

116945 and 116946. *PRUNUS ARMENIACA* L. Amygdalaceae. Apricot.

116945. No. 883. *Zardalu*. A large-beaked apricot, very sweet when dried, usually halved for drying. Withstands zero temperature without injury.

116946. No. 884. *Shakkarpara*. This is a commonly exported apricot, found in all the Indian cities. It is very sweet when dried, and the kernel is edible.

116947 to 116949. *PRUNUS* spp. Amygdalaceae.

116947. *PRUNUS CERASIFERA* Ehrh. Myrobalan plum.

No. 891. A small attractive tree; fruits small, rather sour when dried.

116897 to 116964—Continued.

116948. *PRUNUS CERASUS* L. Sour cherry.

No. 885. *Alubalu*. A small tree covered with large attractive white flowers in spring; fruits dark red, acid when fresh. Sold in the market dried.

For previous introduction see 115000.

116949. *PRUNUS DOMESTICA* L. Common plum.

No. 886. A very sweet plum said to have come from Ghazni. The dried fruit is rather acid.

116950 and 116951. *RAPHANUS SATIVUS* L. Brassicaceae. Radish.

116950. No. 870. *Muli-i-Kabul*. A long white-rooted radish. In the spring the leaves are used as greens.

116951. No. 892. *Herati Muli*. A top-shaped radish with the upper part red-purple.

116952. *SALVIA* sp. Menthaceae.

No. 841. From Parachinar, North West Frontier Province, India, May 8, 1936. An attractive annual that grows on dry slopes and plains. Leaves large, tomentose; flowers pale, blue-purple.

116953 and 116954. *SOLANUM MELONGENA* L. Solanaceae. Eggplant.

116953. No. 874. *Banjan siyahi*. A long black fruit which is alkali tolerant.

116954. No. 895. *Badanjan*. A round red eggplant.

116955. *SPINACIA OLERACEA* L. Chenopodiaceae. Common spinach.

No. 865. *Patag*. A very thrifty broad-leaved spinach.

116956. *SYRINGA* sp. Oleaceae.

No. 890. An attractive plant with slender panicles of rose-purple, very fragrant flowers; grown for hedges.

116957. *TRIFOLIUM* sp. Fabaceae.

No. 881. *Shafbal*. An annual or biennial clover that yields several cuttings a year. The flowers are small, pink, and very fragrant.

116958. *TULIPA* sp. Liliaceae.

No. 839. From Parachinar, North West Frontier Province, India, May 8, 1936. Found on dry slopes and open fields. Bulbs are sold in the bazar, roasted.

116959. *VICIA FABA* L. Fabaceae. Broadbean.

No. 848. *Bakle*. Said to be ground with wheat for bread.

116960 to 116962. *VITIS VINIFERA* L. Vitaceae. European grape.

116960. No. 887. *Munaka*. The famous table raisin throughout the Near East and India.

116961. No. 888. *Abjosh*. Said to have come from Kanduhar. Fruits white, large, of honey sweetness when dried.