

## 103861 to 103900—Continued.

## 103865. ANEMONE PATENS INTERMEDIA Mak.

A herbaceous perennial with silky hairy stems and leaves about 5 inches high. The lower leaves are petioled, the upper ones sessile, all much divided into narrow linear acute lobes. The yellowish-white flower is about 1 inch across.

## 103866. ARNICA UNALASCHENSIS Less. Asteraceae.

A low perennial, about 6 inches high, with a simple stem and hairy, decussate, membranous, somewhat spatulate leaves less than an inch long. The small solitary flower heads are sulphur yellow. Native also to northern Alaska.

## 103867. CAMPANULA DASYANTHA Bieb. Campanulaceae.

A hardy perennial campanula, with the lower leaves spatulate, the upper linear-lanceolate, and all crenate and pubescent. The flowers are sky blue, with the calyx and petal margins very hairy.

## 103868. CASSIOPE LYCOPODIODES (Pall.) D. Don. Ericaceae.

A low creeping plant with slender stems, scalelike crowded leaves, and nodding, white, bell-shaped flowers borne singly on erect peduncles. Native to northeastern Asia.

For previous introduction see 102296.

## 103869. CHRYSANTHEMUM WEYRICHII (Max.) Miyabe.

A hardy perennial about 8 inches high, with fleshy pinnately parted leaves about 2 inches long and flower heads  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches across, with lilac ray flowers and yellow disks. Native to Sakhalin Island.

## 103870. CORDALIS REMOTA Fisch. Papaveraceae.

A perennial herb with a tuberous rootstock and variously incised biternate leaves, often red margined. The exterior petals of the violet flowers are two-lobed and minutely toothed. Native to southeastern Asia.

## 103871. CRAWFURDIA TRINERVIS (Blume) Hassk. Gentianaceae.

*Creeping gentian.* A low-growing vine with pale gentianlike flowers followed by large oblong deep-red fruits, white inside, with many seeds.

For previous introduction see 67762.

## 103872. DIANTHUS SUPERBUS MONTICOLA Makino and Nemoto. Silenaceae.

A dwarf variety of the lilac pink with larger flowers that vary in color from rose pink to purplish pink.

## 103873. DIAPENSIA OBOVATA Nakai. Diapensiaceae.

A small compact evergreen, more or less woody perennial that forms a cushionlike tuft 1 to 2 inches high, with small white flowers on stems 1 to 2 inches high. The small entire leaves are flat and obovate-cuneate. Native to northeastern Asia.

## 103861 to 103900—Continued.

## 103874. DICENTRA PUSILLA Sieb. and Zucc. Papaveraceae.

A charming hardy perennial with the leaves finely divided into linear segments and with large clear-pink flowers.

## 103875. EPIGAEA ASIATICA Maxim. Ericaceae.

An Asiatic trailing arbutus, very similar to the American species but differing chiefly by being stouter throughout. The racemes usually consist of 6 to 12 flowers.

## 103876. ERANTHIS PINNATIFIDA Maxim. Ranunculaceae.

A dainty herbaceous perennial, allied to the anemone, with long-stemmed, pinatifid leaves about 2 inches across and white flowers about an inch wide.

## 103877. GEUM PENTAPETALUM (L.) Mak. Rosaceae.

A low creeping shrubby perennial with pinnate, rose-like foliage and solitary rather large white flowers about 1 inch across, with 8 to 10 petals borne in April on a slender stem. Native also to Kamchatka.

## 103878. JEFFERSONIA DUBIA (Max.) Benth. and Hook. Berberidaceae.

A stemless alpine perennial native to northeastern Asia, with a slender rhizome and numerous long-stemmed, cordate-reniform leaves about 3 inches long and wide. The large blue flowers are on a scape 6 inches high.

## 103879. LEONTOPODIUM FAURIEI Hand.-Mazz. Asteraceae.

An alpine perennial, white, hairy throughout, with a slender stem up to 8 inches high and a rosette of erect, spreading narrowly spatulate, acute leaves up to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches long. The small whitish flower heads are in a small dense cluster.

## 103880. LEONTOPODIUM JAPONICUM Miq. Asteraceae.

An alpine plant related to the edelweiss, with an erect stem less than a foot high and lanceolate dark-green leaves over an inch long having densely woolly lower surfaces. The grayish flower heads, in terminal corymbs, are also densely woolly.

## 103881 to 103883. POTENTILLA spp. Rosaceae.

## 103881. POTENTILLA DICKINSONII Franch. and Sav.

A perennial herb with a stoloniferous rhizome and slender, erect little-branched stems. The basal leaves are pinnate with 2 or 3 rhomboid leaflets, while the stem leaves are ternate with the lower stem leaves long-stemmed. The light-yellow flowers are in lax corymbs.

## 103882. POTENTILLA MEGALANTHA Takeda.

A stout perennial with a fleshy rootstock from which arise numerous heavy stems often more than a foot high. The thick radical leaves, often long-stemmed, are cordate, ternate, and up to 3 inches across, while the stem leaves are simple, sessile, and much smaller. The large yellow flowers are over 1 inch across.