

101736 to 101797—Continued.

disk are an intense orange, making a brilliant contrast to the woolly leaves.

For previous introduction see 95464.

101761. ANTHEMIS CARPATICA Willd. (*A. styriaca* Vest).

For previous introduction and description see 101756.

101762 to 101772. AQUILEGIA spp. Ranunculaceae. Columbine.

101762. AQUILEGIA ALPINA L. Alpine columbine.

An alpine perennial herb about 12 inches high, native to Switzerland. The biternate leaves have deeply lobed divisions 1 to 2 inches long, and the expanded flowers are 2 inches across with blue sepals and white petals; the incurved spurs are as long as the petals.

101763 and 101764. AQUILEGIA BERNARDI Gren. and Godr.

101763. A plant about 2 feet high with large biternate leaves with trifid leaflets and 3 to 7 large blue flowers. Native to France.

101764. Variety *alba*. A form with white flowers.

101765. AQUILEGIA CLEMATIDIFLORA Hort.

A name for which a place of publication and a description have not been found.

101766. AQUILEGIA DISCOLOR Lev. and Leresche.

An alpine plant, native to Spain, with a thick rhizome, smooth biternate leaves, and flowers with sky-blue petaloid sepals and white petals.

101767. AQUILEGIA ESCALCARATA Hort.

A name for which a description and a place of publication have not been found.

101768. AQUILEGIA EINSELEANA F. W. Schultz.

A columbine from the Alps of western Germany, with stiff, ternate, incised or crenate leaves and blue flowers, smaller than those of *A. alpina*.

101769. AQUILEGIA BERTOLONII Scott (*A. reuteri* Boiss.).

An alpine plant over a foot high, with long stemmed, biternate, incised-lobed basal leaves and pale-blue flowers. Native to the Alps.

101770. AQUILEGIA STUARTI Balf. f.

A garden hybrid between *A. glandulosa* and *A. vulgaris* variety *olympica*, with lilac-blue flowers of large size having short incurved spurs.

101771. AQUILEGIA SUAVEOLENS P. Bruhl.

A plant up to 2 feet high, with biternate membranous leaves and 5 to 12 purplish or violet flowers, sometimes white, 1 to 2 inches long. Native to northern India.

101772. AQUILEGIA sp.

101773. ASTER FALCONERI Hutchinson. Asteraceae.

101736 to 101797—Continued.

An aster from high altitudes in Kashmir, India, with a stem a foot or more high. The radical leaves, oblong-lanceolate, are gradually narrowed to a very short petiole. The disk flowers are yellow, the rays bluish or white, and the flower head is 3 inches across.

101774. BERBERIS FARRERI Hort. Berberidaceae. Barberry.

A name for which a place of publication and a description have not been found.

101775. BUPHTHALMUM SALICIFOLIUM L. Asteraceae. Willowleaf oxeye.

A perennial herb, native to northern Europe, with slightly serrate, willowlike leaves and solitary flower heads with long yellow rays.

For previous introduction see 95669.

101776. CASSIOPE FASTIGIATA (Wall.) D. Don. Ericaceae.

A beautiful free-flowering alpine shrub about 9 inches high, native to southwestern China, where it is found in shady situations in moist peaty well-drained soil between 12,000 and 13,000 feet altitude. The tiny leaves are imbricated in four rows, giving the stem a four-sided appearance, and they have white membranous ciliated margins. The solitary, white, bell-shaped flowers have the corolla segments recurved, showing the pink center and curious awned stamens like those of the arbutus.

For previous introduction see 100158.

101777. CHRYSANTHEMUM MAWII Hook. f. Asteraceae.

A short woody perennial, native to Morocco, forming bushes up to 2 feet high, like the marguerite, with small woolly gray triangular-oblong pinnatifid leaves. The long-stalked flowers are 1 to 2 inches across and have red-purple disks and three-toothed white rays which are reddish on the back.

For previous introduction see 97600.

101778. CHRYSANTHEMUM ZAWADSKII Herbich. Asteraceae.

A tufted herbaceous perennial about a foot high, native to Galicia, with rose-tinted flowers which appear throughout the summer.

For previous introduction see 95482.

101779. CHERMANTHODIUM FARRERI W. W. Smith. Asteraceae.

A stately plant with pendulous globular flower heads of pure white that deepen to dark dull claret as they fade. The stems are up to 20 inches high, and the basal leaves, ovate and papery, are 4 to 5 inches long. Native to Upper Burma.

For previous introduction see 95617.

101780. DAPHNE MEZERBUM L. Thymelaeaceae. February daphne.

Variety *album*. A form with white flowers.

101781. HOSTA JAPONICA TARDIFLORA (Leichtlin) Bailey. Liliaceae.

A form of the narrow-leaved plantain-like with dark-green, long-pointed leaves on short, margined petioles, and light-purple flowers appearing in autumn on