

98100 to 98136—Continued

98112. *ACER NIKOENSE* (Miquel) Maxim.

For previous introduction and description see 97504.

98113 to 98133. *ACER PALMATUM* Thunb. Japanese maple.

98113. *Nishikigasane*; palmate leaves, yellow variegated.

98114. *Nusatoriyama*; small 3-lobed leaves, white, very slightly pink shaded.

98115. *Okushimo*; small beautiful green leaves with involute margins.

98116. *Osakazuki*; leaves large, regularly palmate, light maroon changing to blood red in autumn.

98117. *Oshiu-beni*; leaves deep maroon, but more deeply cut and smaller than those of variety atropurpureum.

98118. *Reticulatum* (Shigitatsu); leaves with green veins on yellow ground.

98119. *Rosa marginalis* (Hikasayama); crimson-margined small green leaves.

98120. *Roseum* (Kagiri); small palmate leaves margined with pink.

98121. *Sanguineum Chishio*; small leaves, blood red, regularly palmate.

98122. *Sanguineum Seigen*; blood-red palmate leaves, coloring in middle spring.

98123. *Scolopendrifolium* (Aoshime-no-uchi); green narrow leaves like a hartstongue fern.

98124. *Scolopendrifolium rubrum* (Akashime-no-uchi); red leaves with narrow lobes.

98125. *Shishigashira*; very curious rotate leaves.

98126. *Trifidum* (Tokayede); 3-lobed leaves changing to bright red in the autumn.

98127. *Tsumagaki*; small regularly palmate green leaves tipped with brown.

98128. *Tsuru-nishiki*; plain green, deeply cut ribbonlike leaves.

98129. *Uriha-nishiki*; broad melon-like green leaves with yellowish variegation.

98130. *Versicolor* (Oridono-nishiki); very attractive crimson leaves irregularly variegated with white and green.

98131. *Wabihito*; green leaves with featherlike lobes.

98132. *Washi-no-o*; leaves with long threadlike deeply serrated green lobes.

98133. *Atropurpureum variegatum*; bright-crimson leaves with deep-maroon variegation.

98134 and 98135. *PRUNUS MUME* Sieb. and Zucc. Amygdalaceae. Japanese apricot.

98100 to 98136—Continued

98134. A variety with double pink flowers.

98135. A variety with double red flowers.

98136. *RHODODENDRON DEGRONIANUM* Carr. (*R. metternichii pentamerum* Maxim.). Ericaceae.

A native wild form in Japan, differing in having a 5-lobed corolla. *R. metternichii* is an evergreen shrub up to 4 feet high with oblong leaves 3 to 6 inches long covered with rusty tomentum beneath. The campanulate, rose-colored, usually 7-lobed flowers are 1 to 2 inches across, spotted within with purple and are borne in clusters of 8 to 15.

98137. *SCHEFFLERA ACTINOPHYLLA* (Endl.) Harms. Araliaceae.

From Australia. Seeds presented by J. A. Hamilton, Carbeen, via Cairns, Queensland. Received March 23, 1932.

A handsome evergreen tree up to 40 feet high, native to Queensland, with compound leaves made up of 6 to 16 leathery oblong leaflets a foot long. The racemes, several feet long, of fragrant flowers are followed by small heads of angled dry fruits. This is a very good honey tree and does best in moist situations.

For previous introduction see 79145.

98138. *CUCUMIS SATIVUS* L. Cucurbitaceae. Cucumber.

From the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. Seeds presented by Maj. C. R. Olberg, Tiflis, Transcaucasia. Received March 21, 1932.

A cucumber cultivated along the southern coast of the Caspian Sea, adjacent to Persia. It is 8 to 12 inches long and over 2 inches in diameter, with a smooth medium-green skin; the flesh is crisp and tender, of an indescribable flavor, and is eaten like an apple without any preliminary preparation except peeling.

98139 to 98161.

From England. Plants purchased from Edwin Beckett, Superintendent, Aldenham House Gardens, Elstree, Herts. Received March 25, 1932.

98139. *ACER CAPPADOCICUM* Gleditsch (*A. laetum* Meyer). Aceraceae. Coliseum maple.

For previous introduction and description see 95565.

98140. *CALLICARPA KOREANA* Hort. Verbenaceae.

A name for which a place of publication and a description have not been found.

98141. *CALYCANTHUS FERTILIS* Walt. Calycanthaceae. Pale sweetshrub.

A shrub up to 10 feet high, native to the eastern part of the United States from Pennsylvania to Alabama. The elliptic-ovate leaves, 2 to 6 inches long, are glaucous beneath and the green-purple to red-brown flowers are 1 to 2 inches across.

98142. *CEANOTHUS* sp. Rhamnaceae.

*Topaze*.