

the ground every year. The new shoots set flowers and fruit with great promptness, which, with the assistance of the native turkeys, enable a crop to be secured in spite of the presence of the boll weevil.

"This variety may be of interest in southern and southwestern Texas, either as a perennial or an annual. Even in the first year it is likely to be an early-maturing sort." (*Cook.*) (No. 1.)

**13095. GOSSYPIUM HIRSUTUM.**

**Cotton.**

From Guatemala. Received thru Mr. O. F. Cook, March 17, 1905.

*Kekchi.* "Grown by the Indians at Secanquim, Cajabon district, Alta Vera Paz, Guatemala, the original locality of the weevil-eating keleps. This variety is of dwarf habit. It begins fruiting while still very young, and matures a crop in six months even in a humid tropical climate where other kinds of cotton would probably require a much longer time. It is expected that in the United States this will prove to be an extra-early variety, tho two or three years of acclimatization may be required. Of the varieties now in the United States the *Kekchi* cotton most nearly resembles the *King*, but it seems to possess the desirable qualities of that variety to an even greater degree and the lint is longer and of better quality." (*Cook.*) (No. 2.)

**13096. GOSSYPIUM HIRSUTUM.**

**Cotton.**

From the market of Coban, Alta Vera Paz, Guatemala. Received thru Mr. O. F. Cook, March 17, 1905.

"Supposed to have been grown in the valley of the Polochic River. Probably similar to the *Kekchi* cotton, tho the Indians belong to another tribe." (*Cook.*) (No. 3.)

**13097. GOSSYPIUM HIRSUTUM.**

**Cotton.**

From Retalhuleu, Guatemala. Received thru Mr. W. R. Maxon, March 17, 1905.

*Pachon.* "The variety most extensively grown in the western part of Guatemala, where a considerable cotton industry exists. Mr. Maxon was informed that this variety was originally introduced into Guatemala from Peru, but an examination of specimens shows that it is an Upland form similar to the *Kekchi* cotton and with the same weevil-resisting adaptations. It is said to mature a crop in five months." (*Cook.*) (No. 4.)

**13098. GOSSYPIUM HIRSUTUM.**

**Cotton.**

From Retalhuleu, Guatemala. Received thru Mr. W. R. Maxon, March 17, 1905.

*Ixcacco.* "A brown cotton of the Upland type, similar to the brown form of the *Kekchi* cotton. The cotton brings the same price as the *Pachon* and is thought to have a stronger lint." (*Maxon.*) (No. 5.)

**13099. GOSSYPIUM HIRSUTUM.**

**Cotton.**

From Retalhuleu, Guatemala. Received thru Mr. W. R. Maxon, March 17, 1905.

"Seeds of a supposed hybrid between *Pachon* and *Ixcacco* cotton. A single boll of this type was found on a plant the other bolls of which were white and apparently pure *Pachon*." (*Maxon.*) (No. 6.)

**13100. GOSSYPIUM HIRSUTUM.**

**Cotton.**

From Retalhuleu, Guatemala. Received thru Mr. W. R. Maxon, March 17, 1905.

"A smooth-seeded variation of *Pachon* cotton said to occur sporadically in the fields of the hairy-seeded form. The fiber is said to be not quite so long as the regular *Pachon*. This form is popularly believed to be that originally cultivated by the Indians in this locality." (*Maxon.*) (No. 7.)