

94264 to 94266—Continued.

A coarse perennial, too large for the rock garden, with 3-foot to 4-foot stems bearing handsome rugose foliage, crowned in late summer in the upper whorls of leaves with crowded clusters of slender-bobbed golden-yellow flowers.

For previous introduction see 78932.

94265. LATHYRUS CICERA L. Fabaceae.

A vine, either prostrate or ascending, with slightly winged glabrous stems up to 8 inches long. The small lanceolate leaves are in pairs on winged petioles; the upper leaves have simple undivided tendrils half as long as the leaf; the lower leaves have no tendrils. The solitary dull-red flowers, less than an inch long, are either erect or nodding.

For previous introduction see 40798.

94266. ORNITHOGALUM PYRENAICUM L. Liliaceae.

A bulbous plant about 2 feet high, with narrow onionlike leaves and whitish flowers on a simple leafless stalk. It is native to Europe.

For previous introduction see 40798.

94267. MUCUNA sp. Fabaceae.

From French Indo-China. Seeds presented by M. Poilane, Institut des Recherches Agronomiques de l'Indochine, Division de Botanique. Received February 15, 1930. Numbered in September, 1931.

94268. ANANAS SATIVUS Schult. f. Bromeliaceae. Pineapple.

From Brazil. Plants received through L. W. Jangeneel, California Packing Corp. Received August 21, 1930. Numbered in September, 1931.

94269. GARCINIA MANGOSTANA L. Clusiaceae. Mangosteen.

From Central America. Plants purchased from the United Fruit Co., through Wilson Popenoe, Research Department, Tela, Honduras. Received September 6, 1930. Numbered in September, 1931.

94270. MANGIFERA INDICA L. Anacardiaceae. Mango.

From Hawaii. Plants presented by W. T. Pope, senior horticulturist, Agricultural Experiment Station, Honolulu. Received November 3, 1930. Numbered in September, 1931.

Victoria. A variety of mango which is not attacked by the Mediterranean fruit fly.

94271. EUGENIA DENSIFLORA (Blume) Duthie. Myrtaceae.

From Java. Seeds presented by the director, Botanic Gardens, Buitenzorg. Received December 18, 1930. Numbered in September, 1931.

A tree, native to the Malay Archipelago, with oblong leaves 4 to 10 inches long and axillary cymes of clear rose-colored flowers and round fruits about half an inch in diameter.

94272. CITRUS sp. Rutaceae.

From the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. Plants presented by Maj. C. R. Olberg, Tiflis, Transcaucasia. Received September 22, 1931.

94272—Continued.

An orange, known locally as a mandarin, and very similar to the tangerine, but larger, sweeter, and seedless. It is said to have come originally from Japan.

94273. PRUNUS ARMENIACA L. Amygdalaceae. Apricot.

From Chile, South America. Plants presented by Dr. Alberto Graf Marin, Chief, Servicio de Sanidad Vegetal. Received September 24, 1931.

Imperial.

94274. RHUS sp. Anacardiaceae.

From China. Seeds presented by T. D. Payne, China Inland Mission, Luchang, Yunnan. Received September 25, 1931.

Paint tree. The Chinese make a superior varnish out of the sap of this tree, although a bad skin poisoning is often contracted in the handling of it. The Tibetan Lisu people make a fair substitute for lard out of the seed.

94275 to 94277.

From Australia. Seeds presented by F. J. S. Wise, Agricultural Advisor, Broome, Western Australia. Received September 25, 1931.

A collection of grass seeds which are suited to semiarid conditions.

94275. ASTREBLA SQUARROSA Hubbard. Poaceae. Grass.

A leafy tufted perennial grass with short rhizomes from which rise the nearly erect stems to a height of 6 to 8 feet. The linear leaves are 15 inches long, and the spike-like flattened racemes are 4 to 8 inches long. It is native to Australia.

94276. ASTREBLA sp. Poaceae. Grass.

94277. ERAGROSTIS CHAETOPHYLLA Steud. Poaceae. Grass.

The slender rigid densely tufted stems up to 12 inches high rise from a somewhat bulbous slightly woolly base and are leafy to the top. The narrow panicles, 1 to 3 inches long, are made up of thin flat spikelets. It is native to Australia.

94278 and 94279.

From Peru. Seeds presented by Paul G. Ledig, Magnetic Observatory of the Carnegie Institution of Washington, D. C., Huancayo. Received September 28, 1931.

94278. MIMULUS sp. Scrophulariaceae.

No. 1. A low shrub with woody stems, which grows in sunny situations in very rocky places.

94279. MIMULUS sp. Scrophulariaceae.

No. 2. A short-stemmed herb which grows in rocky soils in partly shady situations (such as the side of a cliff only touched by the sun in the morning or evening).

94280. PIPER METHYSTICUM Forst. Piperaceae.

From Hawaii. Cuttings presented by W. T. Pope, Senior Horticulturist, Office of Experiment Stations, Honolulu. Received September 29, 1931.