

90894 to 90942—Continued.

long leaves 2 to 3 inches long, clusters of small white or pale-rose flowers, and fruits 3 to 7 inches long which open gradually and expose the bright red inside. It is native to Cuba.

90903. CEREUS REPANDUS (L.) Mill. Cactaceae.

A tall, treelike cactus up to 30 feet high, branched at the top, native to tropical America. The narrowly funnel-form, nocturnal flowers are 3 to 4 inches long and dark green. The oblong, dark-red fruits are 1 to 2 inches long and have white pulp.

90904. CITHAREXYLUM CORDATUM Hort. Verbenaceae.

A name for which a place of publication has not been found. Said to be a small tree with spikes of small white flowers and dark berries, native to Cuba.

90905. CLERODENDRUM PENDULIFLORUM Wall. Verbenaceae.

For previous introduction and description, see 90872.

90906. CLITORIA TERNAEA L. Fabaceae.

An ornamental vine with white, double, pea-shaped flowers.

90907. BUTIA ERIOSPATHA (Mart.) Becc. (*Cocos eriospatha* Mart.). Phoenicaceae. **Apricot palm.**

A handsome pinnate-leaved palm with violet-colored stems, creamy flowers, and edible yellow fruits the size of a small plum. Native to Brazil.

For previous introduction see 73923.

90908 to 90910. COLUBRINA spp. Rhamnaceae.

90908. COLUBRINA CUBENSIS (Jacq.) Brongn.

A shrub or small tree up to 18 feet high, with branchlets, leaves, and inflorescence densely velvety pubescent. The thick, oblong leaves are 2 to 5 inches long, and the small yellow flowers are followed by capsules with shining black seeds. It is native to Cuba.

90909. COLUBRINA FERRUGINOSA Brongn.

A low tree, native to the West Indies, with rusty tomentose branchlets, ovate to oblong, entire leaves 6 inches long, yellowish-green flowers in umbel-like clusters, and small black fruits with shining black seeds.

90910. COLUBRINA RECLINATA (L'Her.) Brongn.

A native Cuban shrub or low tree with elliptical lanceolate, glandular margined leaves 3 inches long, small greenish-yellow flowers, and purplish fruits.

90911 to 90913. CORDIA spp. Boraginaceae.

90911. CORDIA ALBA (Jacq.) Roem. and Schult.

For previous introduction and description see 90874.

90912. CORDIA BRACHYCALYX (Britt.) Urb.

90894 to 90942—Continued.

A tree similar to *Cordia sebestena*, but having much rougher leaves and yellow or orange fruits. It is native to the West Indies.

90913. CORDIA TREMULA Griseb.

A large tree with broadly ovate, repand-crenate leaves, 3 to 4 inches long, and lax cymes of lemon-yellow flowers followed by greenish-white fruits. It is native to Barbados.

90914. CYRTOSPERMA SENEGALENSE (Schott) Engler. Araceae.

A curious aroid which sends up its spathe on a spiny stem 10 feet high. The spathe itself is 16 inches long. The plant requires wet sandy soil, tropical conditions, and moist atmosphere.

For previous introduction see 75271.

90915. DIOSPYROS DISCOLOR Willd. Diospyraceae. **Mabolo.**

A handsome tree with dark-green shiny leaves, silky underneath. The edible fruits, about the size of a peach, are of good quality.

90916. HEBESTIGMA CUBENSE (H. B. K.) Urban (*Gülicidia platycarpa* Griseb.). Fabaceae.

A shrub or tree with opposite, pinnate leaves made up of seven to nine ovate leaflets 2 to 4 inches long and racemes of rose-purple flowers appearing before the leaves. It is native to Cuba.

90917 to 90919. HIBISCUS spp. Malvaceae.

90917. HIBISCUS CRYPTOCARPOS A. Rich.

A native Cuban shrub with long petioles, cordate, palmately 5-lobed leaves 3 to 4 inches long and wide, and solitary plum-colored flowers.

90918. HIBISCUS MUTABILIS L. **Cotton rosemallow.**

A double variety of a tall East Indian shrub with large broad, cordate leaves and large white flowers which change to red. It blooms in summer and late autumn and is considerably planted in the Bermuda Islands in gardens and hedges.

For previous introduction see 50156.

90919. HIBISCUS SORORIUS L.

A shrub with cordate-crenate leaves and axillary, rose-colored flowers an inch across. It is native to the West Indies.

90920. ABUTILON sp. Malvaceae.

A shrubby plant, not very ornamental, with small yellow flowers and bark which may be useful for fiber. It is native to Cuba.

90921. JACQUINIA ACULEATA (L.) Mez. Theophrastaceae.

A native West Indian shrub 2 to 3 feet high with spiny tipped, ovate-lanceolate leaves 1 inch long, in whorls of five to eight. The small white flowers, in lax drooping fascicles, are followed by small red fruits.

90922. LATANIA LODDIGESII Mart. Phoenicaceae. **Palm.**